KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY,

JALGAON

Academic Curriculum (For Affiliated Colleges of KBCNMU)

# **MASTER OF SCIENCE**

In ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PART- II

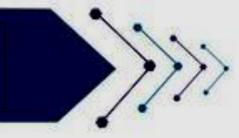
(Semester III and IV)

Choice Based Credit System, 60:40 Pattern (Outcome Based Curriculum)

As per UGC Guidelines

w. e. f. 2022-23





# KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON

# Summary of Distribution of Credits under CBCS Scheme for

# M.Sc. Organic Chemistry

at

[Affiliated Colleges of Kavayitri Bahinabai Chaudhari North Maharashtra University, Jalgaon w.e.f. 2022-23]

Sr. No	Type of course	Sem I	Sem II	Sem III	Sem IV
01	Core	12	12	12	08
02	Core Skill based	02	20	-	12
03	Elective	-	-	04	04
04	Project	-	-	-	06
05	Audit	02	02	02	02
06	Total Credits	16	34	18	32

Subject Type	Core	Core Skill based	Elective	Project	Audit	Total
Credits	44	34	08	06	08	100

**Total Credits = 100** 

# Kavayitri Bahinabai Chaudhari North Maharashtra University, Jalgaon

# M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry (Sem-III and IV) Choice Based Credit System (Outcome Based Curriculum) [At Affiliated Colleges w.e.f. 2022-23]

	(A) Core Courses			• • •	(B) Skill Based / Elective Course			(C) Audit Course (No weightage in CGPA)			
Semester	No. of Courses	Credits (T)	Total Credits	No. of Courses	Credits (T+P)	Total Credits	No. of Courses	Credits (Practical)	Total Credits	(A+B+ C)	
Ι	3	12	12	1	2 + 0	02	1	2	2	16	
II	3	12	12	4	2 + 18	20	1	2	2	34	
III	3	12	12	1	4 + 0	04	1	2	2	18	
IV	2	08	08	4	4 + 18	22	1	2	2	32	
Total Credits		44			48			8		100	

### Course credit scheme

(T, Theory; P, Practical)

## Structure of Curriculum

		First Year					Secon	d Year		Total
		Seme	ester I	Seme	ester II	Semes	ster III	Seme	ster IV	Credit
		Credit	Course	Credit	Course	Credit	Course	Credit	Course	Value
			Pro	erequisit	te and Co	re Cours				
(A)	Theory	14	4	14	4	12	3	08	2	48
	Practical	-	-	18	3	-	-	18	3	36
<b>(B)</b>	Skill Based / Subj	ect Elect	ive Cours	ses						
1	Theory /Practical	-	-	-	-	4	1	4	1	08
(C)	Audit Course (No	weighta	ge in CGI	PA calcu	lations)					
1	Practicing	2	1							2
1	Cleanliness	2	1							2
	Personality and									
2	Cultural			2	1					2
2	Development			2	1					2
	Related Course									
	Technology									
3	Related + Value					2	1			2
	Added Course									
	Professional and									
4	Social + Value							2	1	2
	Added Course									
	Total Credit	16	5	34	8	18	5	32	7	100
	Value	10	5	34	0	10	5	32	/	100

List of Au	List of Audit Courses (Select any ONE course of Choice from Semester II; Semester III and Semester IV)											
		Semester	r II (Choose	Semester	III (Choose	Semester IV(Choose One)						
	Semester I		One)	_	One)		``````````````````````````````````````					
(Com	pulsory)	Persor	ality and		nology +	Professio	onal and Social +					
		Cultural l	Development	Value Ad	ded Course	Value	Added Course					
Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course Title					
Code	Title	Code	Title	Code	Title	Code	Course Thie					
	Practicing	AC- 201A	Soft Skills	AC-301A	Computer Skills	AC-401A	Human Rights					
AC-101		AC- 201B	Practicing Sport Activities	AC-301B	Cyber Security	AC-401B	Seminar on Review of Research Paper					
AC-101	Cleanliness	AC- 201C	Practicing Yoga	AC-301C	Molecular Docking	AC-401C	Current Affairs					
		AC- 201D	Introduction to Indian Music	AC-301D	Technical Report Writing	AC-401D	Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)					

# Kavayitri Bahinabai Chaudhari North Maharashtra University Jalgaon M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry (Sem-III and IV) Choice Based Credit System (Outcome Based Curriculum)

Course	Course	Title of the Course	Co	ontac	et	Distribution of Marks for Examination						
Code	Туре		ho	urs/	week	Internal		External		Total		Credits
			Th	Pr	Total	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	
CH-350	Core	Organic Reaction Mechanism	04		04	40		60	1	100		04
CH-351	Core	Spectroscopic Methods in Structure Determination	04		04	40		60		100		04
CH-352		Organic Stereo Chemistry	04		04	40		60		100		04
CH-353		Choose one out of two CH-353 A/B (A) Heterocyclic Chemistry (B) Green Chemistry	04		04	40		60		100		04
AC-301 (A)/ (B)/(C)/(D)	Audit Course	Choose one out of four (AC-301 A/B/C/D) (Technology + Value Added Course)	02		02	100				100		02

# Semester-III

## List of Audit courses to be offered in Semester-III:

AC-301 (A): Computer Skills AC-301 (C): Molecular Docking AC-301 (B): Cyber Security AC-301 (D): Technical Report Writing Semester-IV

			Conta	ct hou	ırs/week	Distri	bution	of Ma	rks for	Examin	ation	
Course Code		Title of the Course				Inte	rnal	Exte	rnal	Tot	al	Credits
	Туре		Th	Pr	Total	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	
CH-450	Core	Chemistry of Natural Products	04		04	40		60		100		04
CH-451	Core	Synthetic Methods in Organic Chemistry	04		04	40		60		100		04
CH-452	Elective	Choose one out of two CH-452 A/B (A) Drug Chemistry (B) Applied Organic Chemistry	04		04	40		60		100		04
*CH-O-2	Core Skill base	Organic Chemistry Practical Course-II		12	12		40		60		100	06
*CH-O-3	Core Skill base	Organic Chemistry Practical Course-III		12	12		40		60		100	06
*CH-O-4	Core Skill base	A Short Research Project		12	12		40		60		100	06

AC-401 (A)/	Audit Course	Choose one out of four (AC-401	02	 02	100	 	 100	 02
(B)/(C)/ (D)		A/B/C/D)						
(D)		(Professional & Social						
		+ Value Added Course)						

\* To be started from Semester-III & evaluated at the end of Semester-IV

List of Audit courses to be offered in Semester-IV:

AC-401 (A): Human Rights

AC-401 (C): Current Affairs

AC-401 (B): Seminar on Review of Research Paper AC-401 (D): Intellectual Property Rights

# KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI

# NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON

Syllabus for M.Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry (Semester - III & IV) (With Effect from 2022-23)

**Course Structure for Second Year** 

The following will be the structure for revised syllabus from June 2022 for Semester III

and Semester IV.

<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Course Type</b>	Title of the Course
		SEMESTER - III
CH-350 CH-351	Core Core	Organic Reaction Mechanism Spectroscopic Methods in Structure Determination
CH-352 CH-353	Core Elective	Organic Stereochemistry Choose one out of four (CH-353 A/B/C/D) (A) Heterocyclic Chemistry (B) Green Chemistry
AC-301 (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)	Audit Course	Choose one out of four (AC-301 A/B/C/D) (Technology + Value Added Course) AC-301 (A): Computer Skills AC-301 (B): Cyber Security AC-301 (C): Molecular Docking AC-301 (D): Technical Report Writing SEMESTER - IV
CH-450 CH-451 CH-452 *CH-O-2 *CH-O-3 *CH-O-4 AC-401 (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)	Core Core Elective Core Skill base Core Skill base Core Skill base Audit Course	Chemistry of Natural Products Synthetic Methods in Organic Chemistry Drug Chemistry Organic Chemistry Practical Course-II Organic Chemistry Practical Course-III A Short Research Project Choose one out of four (AC-401/402/403/404) (Professional & Social + Value Added Course) AC-401 (A): Human Rights AC-401 (B): Seminar on Review of Research AC-401 (C): Current Affairs AC-401 (D): Intellectual Property Rights

#### **Important Notes:**

1. Each theory course prescribed for M. Sc. should be covered in 4 lectures, each of 60 minutes duration per week per course including lectures, tutorials, seminars, classroom discussions etc. (Total 60 hrs / theory course)

2. Out of the 60 lectures in each course about 10 lectures will include tutorials, student seminars, classroom discussions and tests.

3. Each practical course will require 12 hours of laboratory work per week per semester and will be extended over two semesters. All three practical courses will be examined at the end of the academic year. (Total 180 hrs / practical course)

4. There should not be more than 10 students in a batch for M. Sc. Practical course.

5. For theory course the question paper (Internal/External) should include numerical, short answer, long answer, MCQ questions to test understanding of subject.

6. The marks for each paper are distributed as external examination 60 marks and internal examination 40 marks. For internal assessment of each theory and practical course, 2 written tests will be taken.

7. The 80 % attendance of students is compulsory.

8. Students should visit at least two chemical industries in two years of M. Sc. and submit the observations/report to the Department.

9. The duration of practical examination will be of six hours.

10. At the time of examination of the **CH-O-4** (A Short Research Project) Viva-voce, the internal and external examiner should be a research guide recognized by the university.

# Semester-wise Course Structure of M.Sc. Organic Chemistry Program at a Glance

Name of the program (Degree)	: M. Sc. (Organic Chemistry)
Faculty	: Science and Technology
Duration of the Program	: Two years (four semesters)
Medium of Instruction and Examination	: English
Exam Pattern	: 60: 40 (60 marks University exam and 40 marks continuous internal departmental exam/assessment)
Passing standards	: 40% in each exam separately (Separate head of passing)
Evaluation mode	: CGPA
Total Credits of the program	: 100 (50 core credits including 6 credits of project/dissertation, 34 skills enhancement credits, 08 subject elective credits and 08 audit credits)

# **Program Objectives for M.Sc. Program:**

- 1. To impart the profound theoretical and practical knowledge of the specific science discipline along with the fundamental core concepts
- 2. To train the students to employ modern techniques, tools, methodologies, equipment, hardware/software etc. to perform objective oriented scientific and planned experiments.
- 3. To groom the students for all-round development and mould them in a trained workforce to provide teaching-learning, research, business, professional supports in the various science disciplines.
- 4. To make the student to develop the ability to think analytically, independently and draw logical conclusions to solve real-life problems.
- 5. To utilize the skills and knowledge gained through the subject to deal with real life situations and problems related to society, environment, research and development etc.

# Program Outcomes (PO) for M.Sc. Program:

Upon successful completion of the M.Sc. program, student will be able to:

PO No.	РО	Cognitive level
PO1	Understand the basic concepts, fundamental principles, and the scientific theories related to various scientific phenomena and their irrelevances in the day-to-day life.	2
PO2	Administer the skills in handling scientific instruments, planning and performing in laboratory experiments	3
PO3	Analyze the given scientific experimental data critically and systematically and the ability to draw the objective conclusions.	4
PO4	Develop various skills such as communication, managerial, leadership, entrepreneurship, teamwork, social, research etc., which will help in expressing ideas and views clearly and effectively	3
PO5	Model and formulate the real problems and find solution based-on knowledge acquired	6
PO6	To evaluate how developments in any science subject helps in the development of other science subjects and vice-versa and how interdisciplinary approach helps in providing better solutions and new ideas for the sustainable developments.	5

# Program Specific Objectives for M.Sc. Organic Chemistry program:

- Determine molecular structure by using UV, IR, NMR and Mass.
- Draw mechanism for organic reactions.
- Learn the basic skills of research.
- To learn chemistry of natural products and drugs.
- Study of stereo-chemical aspects of organic reactions.
- Design the organic synthesis using retro synthesis and synthetic catalyst/reaction.
- To get laboratory skills of organic synthesis.

## **Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) for M.Sc. Organic Chemistry program:**

After successful completion of two-year master's degree program in Organic Chemistry, should be able to;

PSO No.	PSO	Cognitive level
PSO1	Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts, fundamental principles, and the scientific theories related to Organic Chemistry and their relevancies in the day-to-day life, industry, and health.	2
PSO2	Gain proficiency and skills in laboratory techniques of Chemistry with	3

	handling scientific instruments, planning and performing in laboratory experiments.	
PSO3	Develop various skills such as communication, managerial, leadership, entrepreneurship, teamwork, social, research etc., which will help in expressing ideas and views clearly and effectively.	3
PSO4	Analyze the given scientific experimental data (reactants, products, reagents, catalyst, solvent, temperature, yield, purity, spectral data etc.) critically and systematically and the ability to draw the objective conclusions.	4
PSO5	Learn to work as a team as well as independently to retrieve information, carry out research investigations and result interpretations.	5
PSO6	Develop the ability to understand and practice the ethics of surrounding scientific research.	5
PSO7	Design, synthesis, characterization, and applications of organic compounds.	6

CH-350: Organic Reaction Mechanism		
(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)		
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. Learn in detailed strength of acid and bases. Understand the Linear free energy	
	relationship, Hammett and Taft equation, substituent and reaction constants.	
	CO-2. Study of detailed mechanism of hydrolysis with breaking and formation of sigma	
	bond.	
	CO-3 Study of reaction of carbanion with detailed mechanism, coupling reactions along	
	with name reactions.	
	CO-4 Study of basics of photochemical reactions and learn various photochemical	
	reactions.	
	CO-5. Study of free radicals: generation of radicals, Nucleophilic electrophilic radicals,	
	inter and intra molecular C-C bond formation, reactions of free radicals.	
	CO-6. All the major types of organic reaction mechanisms.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
1	Physical Organic Chemistry:	14 L
	Strength of Acids and Bases: Factors affecting acidity and basicity:	
	Comparative study of acidity and basicity of organic compounds on the basis of pKa	
	values, Leveling effect and non-aqueous solvents. Acid and base catalysis – general and	
	specific catalysis with examples. Aromaticity and solvation.	
	Linear free energy relationship:	
	Hammett plot, Hammett equation, substituent and reaction constants, physical significance	
	of substituent constant and reaction constants, substituent constant involving through	
	conjugation. Use of Hammett plot and equation. Deviations from straight line plot.	
	Concave upward deviation. Concave downward deviation. Steric effects, Taft equation,	
	Steric parameters, solvent effects, change of reaction constant.	
	Ref. 1, 2, 3	
2	Ester hydrolysis and decarboxylation:	07 L
	Classification, nomenclature and study of all eight mechanisms of acid and base catalyzed	
	hydrolysis with suitable examples. Decarboxylation reaction.	
	Ref.1, 4, 5, 6	
3	Reaction of carbon nucleophiles with carbonyl groups:	12 L
	Carbanions: Generation of carbanion, kinetic and thermodynamic enolate formation,	
	Regioselectivity in enolate formation, alkylation of enolates. Generation and alkylation of	
	dianion, medium effects in the alkylation of enolates, oxygen versus carbon as the site of	

	alkylation. Alkylation of aldehydes, ketones, esters, amides and nitriles. Chemistry of	
	enolates and enamines, Kinetic and Thermodynamic enolates, Lithium and boron enolates	
	in aldol and Michael reactions, Alkylation and acylation of enolates, Nucleophilic	
	additions to carbonyls and stereochemical aspects through various models (Cram / Cram	
	chelation / Felkin-Anh models); Organolithium, Organomagnesium, Organozinc,	
	Organocopper reagents (restricted to 1,4-addition) in synthesis, Recall of Name reactions,	
	their Mechanism and regiochemistry in the reactions under carbanion chemistry - Claisen,	
	Dieckmann, Knoevenegal, Stobbe, Darzen, Acyloin & Benzoin condensations, Shapiro	
	reaction, etc	
	Ref. 2,7, 8, 9, 10, 11	
4	Reactive intermediate: Carbene and Nitrenes	05 L
	Method of generation, structure, stability and reactions involving carbene and nitrenes	
	Ref. 2,7, 12, 13	
5	Photochemistry	14 L
	Introduction to Basic Principles of Photochemistry. Nature of transition $(n-\pi^*, \pi-\pi^*, d-d)$	
	transition and Charge transfer), Norrish type-I and Norrish type-II reaction, abstraction of	
	$\gamma$ -hydrogen in cyclic and acyclic compounds, formation of bicyclic and tricyclic	
	compounds, Paterno-Buchi reaction (including reaction of enones, ynones and quinones),	
	allenes, Photoreduction (toluene and 2-propanol) Photochemistry of alkene Intermolecular	
	and intramolecular reactions, geometrical isomerization, Cyclization reactions, addition,	
	Paterno Buchi reaction, Di-pi methane rearrangement including aza-di-pi methane.	
	Photochemistry of aromatic compounds Isomerization, additions and substitutions.	
	Ref. 12, 14	
6	Free Radical Reactions:	08 L
	Formation, stability and detection of long and short-lived radicals. Homolysis and free	
	radical displacement, Fragmentation, substitution, addition, oxidation, reduction, and	
	rearrangements, Radical cyclisation in synthesis.	
	Ref. 15	
	References:	
	1. A guide book to mechanism in Organic Chemistry 6 <sup>th</sup> edition, By Peter Sykes: Orient	
	Longman	
	2. Organic Chemistry, J. Claydens, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Oxford University Press	
	3. March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure,	
	4. Jerry March "Advanced Organic Chemistry, Reactions, Mechanism And Structure	
	<ul><li>"Fourth Edition Page No.374-396</li><li>5. Morrison And Boyd, Sixth Edition Page No.753-754</li></ul>	
	J. Momison And Doya, Sixui Edulon Fage No. 755-754	1

5	reactions.	5	
<u>2</u> 3	Formulate his/her own reasoned opinions in the mechanistic side of organic	3	
2	strength of acid and bases Acquire the skills to identify the pathway of reaction.	3	
1	Understand basic concepts of strength of acids and bases, factors affecting the	2	
No.	СО	level	
CO		Cognitive	
Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:			
Cour	rse Outcomes (COts):		
	19. Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, by Jgdambasingh, Jaya Singh		
	18. S.M.Mukherji, S.P. Singh Reaction Mechanism In Organic Chemistry		
	17. Advanced Organic Chemistry 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, by R. O. C. Norman and J. M. Coxon 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition ELBS.		
	16. Mechanism and structure in Organic Chemistry, Edwin S. Gould, Holt, Rinechart and Winston.		
	<ol> <li>Organic Chemistry 5<sup>th</sup>edition, By S. H. Pine. MaGraw-Hill International editions. Page no. 911-938</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Organic Chemistry 5<sup>th</sup>edition, By S. H. Pine. MaGraw-Hill International editions. Page no. 1023-1041.</li> </ol>		
	13. Modern method of organic synthesis by W. Carruther (Cambridge)		
	12. Advance Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure by Jerry March.		
	11. Arun Bahl And B.S Bahl Advanced Organic Chemistry		
	10. Smith M.B & March J ," MARCH'S ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY ", Sixth Edition, John Wiley & Son's, New Delhi 2007, Page No.249-265		
	9. S.M.Mukherji, S.P. Singh Reaction Mechanism In Organic Chemistry		
	Edition 1992 Page No.69-72		
	8. Morrison R.T Boyd & Bhattacharjee S.K,"ORGANIC CHEMISTRY" Seventh		
	Sundberg. Plenum Press. New York and London.		
	7. Advanced Organic Chemistry Part A and B 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition, by F. A. Carey and R. J.		

Predict the major and minor products of a variety of organic reactions with **3** appropriate stereochemistry.

4

CH-351: Spectroscopic Methods in Structure Determination		
(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)		
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. Study <sup>1</sup> H NMR Spectroscopy: Chemical Shift, deshielding, correlation for protons	
	bonded to carbon and other nuclei.	
	CO-2. Study of <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectroscopy: FT- NMR, type of <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra, proton	
	decoupled, off resonance, DEPT, DANTE, Chemical shift, nuclear and hetero nuclear	
	coupling constant	
	CO-3. 2D NMR techniques: COSY, homo and hetero nuclear 2D resorts	
	spectroscopy, NOESY and the applications.	
	CO-4. Study of mass spectrometry: Instrumentation, various methods of ionization, FAB,	
	ESI, TPSI, MALDI, TOF, Mass spectral fragmentation of Organic compounds	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
1	A. Recapitulation of UV-Visible and IR Spectrometry:	(04 L)
	spectroscopy, UV & Visible Spectrophotometry (General discussion about non	
	conjugated, conjugated double bond absorption and $\lambda$ max), IR Spectrophotometry	
	(General discussion about instrumentation and frequencies of different functional	
	group), Determine empirical formula from percent composition of a compound, The rule	
	of Thirteen.	
	Ref. 1, 2, 3	
	<b>B. Proton Magnetic Resonance (H<sup>1</sup>NMR):</b>	(10 L)
	Recapitulation, advanced ideas of chemical shift, chemical exchange, effect of deuteration,	
	spin-spin coupling, (n+1) rule, identification of complex spin-spin interaction between	
	two, three, four and five nuclei (first and second order spectra), stereochemistry, hindered	
	rotation, identification of complex spin system AB, ABC, ABX and AMX systems.	
	Factors affecting vicinal and germinal coupling, long range coupling. Simplification of	
	complex spectra, nuclear double resonance, nuclear overhauser effect, shift reagents,	
	solvent effect on chemical shift value.	
	Ref. 1, 2, 3,	
2	Carbon Magnetic Resonance (C <sup>13</sup> NMR):	12 L
	Elementary means, chemical shift, chemical shift features of aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne,	
	aromatic, hetero aromatic and carbonyl carbon, factors affecting chemical shifts, Homo	
	nuclear ( <sup>13</sup> C- <sup>13</sup> C) and Hetero nuclear ( <sup>13</sup> C- <sup>1</sup> H) coupling constants, Structural applications	
	of CMR, DEPT, DANTE, un-decoupled, Proton decoupled, Off resonance.	
	Ref. 1, 2, 6	
3	Two-Dimensional NMR Correlation Spectroscopy:	04 L
	Two-dimensional NMR spectroscopy, <sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY, <sup>1</sup> H- <sup>13</sup> C HETCOR	
	Ref. 1, 4	
4	<b>NMR Spectroscopy of Some Other Nuclei -</b> <sup>15</sup> N, <sup>19</sup> F, <sup>31</sup> P and D and <sup>11</sup> B.	04 L
	Ref. 1, 4, 5,	
5	Mass Spectrometry:	14 L
	Theory, Instrumentation, EI, Chemical Ionization, Field Desorption, FAB, ESI, MALDI,	
	TPSI, TOF, MALDI-TOF, Mass Spectral fragmentation of Organic compounds containing	
	common functional groups, McLafferty rearrangement, Molecular Ion peak, metastable	
	peak, isotope peaks, Examples of Mass spectral fragmentation of Organic compounds with	

	respect of their structure determination.	
	Ref. 1, 8	
6	Problems:	12 L
	Based on joint application of UV, IR, PMR, CMR and Mass spectroscopy (including	
	reaction sequence and spectral analysis).	
	Ref. 1, 6,7	
	References:	
	1. Introduction to Spectroscopy - D. L. Pavia, G.M. Lampman, G. S. Kriz, 3rd Ed.	
	(Harcourt college publishers).	
	2. Spectrometric identification of organic compounds R. M. Silverstein, F. X. Webster, 6th	
	Ed. John Wiley and Sons.	
	3. Spectroscopic methods in organic chemistry - D. H. Williams and I. Flemming Mc	
	Graw Hill	
	4. Organic structures from spectra –Field L.D., Kalman J.R. and Sternhell S. 4th Ed. John	
	Wiley and sons Ltd.	
	5. Organic spectroscopy-William Kemp, E L B with McMillan	
	6. Spectroscopy of organic molecule-PS Kalsi, Wiley, Esterna, New Delhi	
	7. Interpretation of NMR spectra-Roy H Bible	
	8. Mass spectrometry organic chemical applications, J H Banyon	
	Course Out comes:	
	The students will be able to	
	- Interpret the spectral graphs.	
	- Determine molecular structure by using UV, IR, NMR and Mass.	
	- Learn the structure determination of organic molecules by spectroscopic methods and by	
	using the applications of IR spectroscopy for functional group determination.	
	- Determine the complete structure of compounds using UV, IR, PMR, CMR and Mass	
	spectroscopic methods.	

CH-352: Organic Stereochemistry		
	(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)	
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. To learn and apply various concepts such as stereochemistry and fundamental	
	principles of stereoselectivity in organic chemistry.	
	CO-2. Study of different types of pericyclic reactions.	
	CO-3. Study of stereochemical aspects of fused and bridged rings.	
	CO-4. Study of stereochemical aspects of six membered and other related rings	
	CO-5 Study of prochirality and topocity.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
1	Concept of Stereochemistry:	10 L
	Configurational and conformational isomerism in acyclic and cyclic compounds;	
	stereogenicity, stereoselectivity, enantioselectivity, diastereoselectivity and asymmetric	
	induction. Prochirality and Topocity.	
	Ref. 1 (Pages: 465-488), 2, 3, 4 Pages: 187-206	
2	Asymmetric Synthesis:	10 L
	Chiral auxiliaries, methods of asymmetric induction - substrate, reagent and catalyst-	
	controlled reactions; determination of enantiomeric and diastereomeric excess; enantio-	
	discrimination. Racemic modification and resolution of racemic mixture (optical and	
	kinetic).	
	Ref. 1, 5 (Pages: 1107-1125), 6	
3	Stereochemistry of six membered rings & their reactions: Different shapes of cyclohexane and substituted cyclohexane ring, reactions associated with	10 L
	cyclohexyl skeleton. Mono, disubstituted cyclohexane-physical properties (optical	
	activity/energetics),	
	Stereochemistry of ring other than six membered rings. Trans annular effect, concept of I-	
	strain. Conformational effects in larger rings, Anti butane segment.	
	Ref 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10 & 11	
4	Fused Rings and Bridged Rings:	10 L
	Decaline, Perhydro phenanthrene, Perhydro anthracene, Bridged Compounds and Other	
	related compounds	
	Ref. 1 (Pages 771-793) 2 (Pages 306-310; 318-323; 327-333)	
5	Pericyclic Reactions:	20 L
	5.1 Introduction, Classification, Molecular orbital symmetry properties, three approaches:	
	Co-relation diagram, FMO & PMO or ATS approach.	

5.2 Electrocyclic reactions: Con rotatory & Dis rotatory motions, 4n and 4n+2 & allyl	
system.	
5.3 Cycloaddition reaction: Antarafacial & Suprafacial additions, 4n, 4n+2 systems, Diels-	
Alder reaction and its stereochemistry, 2+2 addition of ketones, secondary orbital interaction	
in cycloaddition reaction, 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition and chelotropic reactions.	
5.4 Sigmatropic rearrangement: Suprafacial & Antarafacial shifts of H and carbon moities,	
Claisen, Cope &aza cope, Ene reactions and Fluxional molecule.	
Ref. 7, 8, 9	
References:	
1. Stereochemistry of organic compounds. E L.Eliel and S. H. Wilen	
2. Stereochemistry. Nasipuri(Second Ed.).	
3. Organic Chemistry- by Finar	
4. Stereochemistry- Confirmation and Mechanism (8th edition)-P. S. Kalsi	
5. Organic Chemistry-Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Wothers-OXFORD (Second Ed.)	
6. Stereoselective synthesis—Mihaly Nograd VCH, Weinheim, 1995.	
7. Frontial orbitals and Organic Chemical Reactions. I N Flaming.	
8. Orbital Symmetry: Problem Solving Approach. R. E. Lehr and Merchand.	
9. Photochemistry and Pericyclic reactions- Jagadamba singh	
10. Stereochemistry, D. G. Morris, RSC Tutorial Chemistry Text 1, 2001	
11. Basic stereochemistry of organic molecules -Subrata Sen Gupta(Oxford)	
Course Outcomes:	
The students will be able to	
Differentiate stereoisomers.	
Understood stereochemical aspects of organic reactions.	
Understood the concept of asymmetric synthesis and resolution.	
Understood different types of pericyclic reactions.	
Understood stereochemical equivalence and nonequivalence.	

CH-353 A: Heterocyclic Chemistry		
(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)		
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. Study of heterocyclic chemistry: Five and six members heterocyclic with one or two	
	hetero atoms.	
	CO-2. Study of condensed five- and six-member heterocyclic compounds.	
	CO-3. Study the synthesis, reactivity, aromatic character and important reactions of	
	heterocyclic compounds.	
	CO-4 Students knows the importance of heterocycles in industry as well as drug discovery.	
	CO-5 Create research oriented intrest among the students.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
1	Introduction, Synthetic Approaches & Reactions of following Heterocyclic Compounds	08 L
	A) Nomenclature of Heterocyclic system	
	<b>B</b> ) Three Membered and Four Membered Rings containing One Hetero Atom:	
	Aziridine, Oxirane, Thiirane and Azetidine, Oxetane, Thietane	
	Ref. 1 (Pages: 1-41, 76-95), 2, 3	
2	Five Membered Heterocyclic Compounds with One Hetero Atom:	10 L
	Pyrrole, Furan, Thiophene	
	Ref. 1( Pages: 102-138), 2, 3	
3	Five Membered Heterocyclic Compounds with Two Hetero Atoms:	06 L
	Imidazole, Oxazole, Thiazole	
	Ref. 1 (Pages 183-214), 2, 3	
4	Condensed Five-Membered Heterocycles:	10 L
	Indole, Benzofuran, Benzothiophene	
	Ref. 1 (Pages 150-175), 2, 3	
5	Six Membered Heterocyclic Compounds with One Hetero Atom:	12 L
	Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline	
	Ref.1 (Pages: 222-261, 273-300), 2, 3	
6	Six Membered Heterocyclic Compounds with Two Hetero Atoms and Heterocycles	08 L
	Containing a Ring-Junction Nitrogen:	
	Pyridazine, Pyrimidine, Pyrazine, Indazoline	
	Ref. 1 (pages 308-330), 2, 3	
7	A) Heterocycles in Industry and Technology:	06 L
	Heterocycles and Natural Colors, Dyes, Fluorescent Agents: Why They Shine, Safety and	
	Aesthetics, Markers and Tracers, Imaging and Diagnostic Agents, Heterocycles as Food	

Additives.

**B)** Heterocyclic compounds in Drug Discovery:

Introduction, Importance of Heterocycles in Life, Importance of Heterocycles in Drug Discovery: Five-Membered Heterocycles with One Heteroatom (Atorvastatin and Imitrex), Five-Membered Heterocycles with Two Heteroatoms (Cemitidine and Celecoxib), Six-Membered Heterocycles with One Heteroatom (Omeprazole), Six-Membered Heterocycles with Two Heteroatoms (Gefitinib and Eszopiclone).

Ref 4: (Pages: 209-213, 218-225, 237-238), 5 (Pages: 5-16)

#### **References:**

- 1. Principles of Modern Heterocyclic Chemistry by Leo A. Paquette New York: Benjamin.
- Heterocyclic Chemistry: 5<sup>th</sup> Edition by John A. Joule, Keith Mills, A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Publication.
- 3. Heterocyclic Chemistry: 5<sup>th</sup> edition by Raj K. Bansal, New Age International (P) Ltd.
- Heterocycles in Life and Society: An Introduction to Heterocyclic Chemistry, Biochemistry and Applications, Second Edition. Alexander F. Pozharskii, Anatoly T. Soldatenkov and Alan R. Katritzky. 2011 John Wiley & Sons, Ltd. Published 2011 by John Wiley & Sons, Ltd. ISBN: 978-0-470-71411-9
- Heterocyclic chemistry in drug discovery edited by Jie Jack Li. Copyright 2013 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc. All rights reserved. Published by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey.

#### Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understood various methods of synthesis of heterocyclic compounds.
- Acquire skill to predict reactivity of heterocyclic compounds.
- To predict the product and suggest the mechanism.
- Understand the importance of heterocycles in industry as well as in drug discovery.

CH-353 B: Green Chemistry		
	(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)	
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. To study the importance of green and sustainable development in Chemistry,	
	CO-2. To study a state-of-the-art strategy to design green and sustainable protocol for	
	organic transformations,	
	CO-3. To be familiar with the current progress in green synthesis,	
	CO-4. To understand the role of catalysts, solvents in organic transformations,	
	CO-5. To understand different energy sources for greener development, and	
	CO-6. To explore the principles of green chemistry towards biomass treatment.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
l	Brief Introduction of Green Chemistry.	06 I
	What is Green and Sustainable development in Chemistry? Need for Green and Sustainable	
	Chemistry. Goals of Green Chemistry. Boundaries/Hurdles to achieve the goals of Green	
	Chemistry.	
	Ref.1, 2, 3, 4	
2	Designing a Chemical synthesis in accordance with the Principles of Green Chemistry.	24 I
	Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with their brief explanations and examples, Selection	
	and Designing of a process using these principles such as Waste/byproducts minimization,	
	Atom Economy, Control the formation of hazardous/toxic products, designing safer and	
	cost-efficient chemicals for the synthesis, selection of appropriate solvents, separation	
	agents and other auxiliary substances, green solvents, processes without solvent,	
	immobilized solvents, supercritical fluids and ionic liquids, energy requirements for the	
	synthesis (use of microwaves, ultrasonic energy), proper selection of starting materials	
	(avoiding unnecessary derivatization as well as blocking/protecting groups), catalyst and use	
	of catalytic reagents (wherever possible) in preference to stoichiometric reagents,	
	optimizing reaction conditions in such a way that they leads the formation of biodegradable	
	products, avoids chemical accidents and associated with the development of analytical	
	techniques to prevent or minimize the formation of hazardous substances in chemical	
	processes.	
	Ref. 4,5 , 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	
3	Examples of Green Synthesis/Reactions. 1. Green Synthesis of the following compounds: styrene, adipic acid, catechol, 3-	24 I
	dehydroshikimic acid, methyl methacrylate, 4-aminodiphenylamine, Free radical	
	bromination, (S)-metolachlor, citral, nicotinic acid, ibuprofen, paracetamol, furfural.	

	2. Microwave assisted reactions in water as reaction medium: Hofmann Elimination,	
	Hydrolysis of important organic functions including benzyl chloride, benzamide, n-phenyl	
	benzamide, methyl benzoate, Oxidation of alcohols.	
	Microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents as a reaction medium: Esterification and	
	Trans esterification, Fries rearrangement, Diels-Alder Reaction.	
	Microwave assisted solid state transformations: Saponification of esters, Alkylation of	
	reactive methylene compounds, reductions, synthesis of azoles (pyrimidine and pyridine).	
	3. Ultrasound assisted reactions: Esterification, oxidation, reduction, coupling	
	(diazocoupling) and cross-coupling reactions (Stille, Suzuki, and Heck), Strecker synthesis,	
	and Reformatsky reaction, Simmons-Smith Reaction.	
	4.Use of dimethyl carbonate in organic transformations, use of heterogeneous catalysis,	
	zeolites, silica, alumina, supported catalysis- bio catalysis.	
	Ref. 9, 13, 14, 15	
4		06L
-	<b>Future Trends in Green Chemistry.</b> Green chemistry in Agriculture; enhancement of ethanol yield from the corn dry grind	UUL
	Process by conversion of the Kernel Fiber fraction.	
	Green Chemistry in polymer synthesis; Designing and applications of bio-composites.	
	Exploring green chemistry towards biomass treatment.	
	Ref. 16 (PP 12-26, 63-77), 17 (pp 317-352), 18 (1-10)	
	References:	
	1. P. T. Anastas, I. J. Levy and K. E. Parent. Green Chemistry Education Changing the	
	<ul><li>course of chemistry. ACS Symposium Series 1011 (2009).</li><li>P. T. Anastas and T. C. Williamson. Green Chemistry Designing chemistry for the</li></ul>	
	environment. ACS Symposium Series 626 (1996).	
	3. R. L. Lankey and P. T. Anastas. Advancing sustainability through green chemistry and engineering. ACS Symposium Series 823 (2002).	
	<ol> <li>A. S. Matlack. Introduction to Green Chemistry. Marcel Deckkar (2001).</li> </ol>	
	5. M. Lancaster. Green chemistry; An introductory text. Royal Society of Chemistry	
	<ul><li>(2002).</li><li>6. P. T. Anastas and J. B. Zimmerman. Innovations in Green Chemistry and Green</li></ul>	
	Engineering Selected Entries from the Encyclopedia of Sustainability Science and Technology. Springer (2013).	
	<ol> <li>C. A. M. Afonso and J. G. Crespo. Green Separation Processes. Willey-VCH (2005).</li> </ol>	
	8. P. T. Anastas and C. A. Farris. Benign by Design Alternative Synthetic Design for	
	<ul><li>Pollution Prevention. ACS Symposium Series 577 (1994).</li><li>9. V.K. Ahluwalia and M.R. Kidwai. New Trends in Green Chemistry. Anamalaya</li></ul>	
	Publishers (2005).	
	10. P. T. Anastas. L. G. Heine. Green Chemical Syntheses and Processes. ACS Symposium	
	Series 767 (2002). 11. D. J. Constable and C. Jimenez-Gonzalez. Handbook of Green Chemistry. Volume11:	
	GreenMetrics. Willey-VCH (2018).	
	12. M. Doble and A. K. Kruthiventi. Green Chemistry and Engineering. Elsevier (2007).	

3	Explore green and sustainable practices beyond organic synthesis	3	
2	Learn how to develop a green and sustainable protocol for organic synthesis	3	
1	Familiar with the Principles of green chemistry in detail	2	
No.		level	
СО	СО	Cognitive	
On completion of this course, the student will be able to:			
Course Outcomes (COts):			
(20		.501	
	s (2013). /az Jr. Biomass and Green Chemistry; Building a Renewable Pathway. Sprin	Ger	
	C. Ameta and R. Ameta. Green Chemistry; Fundamentals and Applications. C	RC	
	(2004).		
16. W.	M. Nelson. Agricultural Applications in Green Chemistry. ACS Symposium Ser	ries	
	Fransis Group (2012).		
(20)	77). C. Cann. Green Organic Chemistry in Lecture and Laboratory. CRC Press, Tay	lor	
	A. Sheldon, I. Arends and U.Hanefeld. Green Chemistry and Catalysis. Willey-V	СН	

	CH-450: Chemistry of Natural Products	
	(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)	
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. To study the important features of terpenoids.	
	CO-2. To study secondary metabolism of Amino acids.	
	CO-3. To study the biosynthesis of natural products.	
	CO-4. To apply the knowledge of different reagents for synthesis of natural product.	
	CO-5. To understand the classification and uses of vitamins.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
1	Structure, Stereochemistry and biogenesis of	12 L
	1) Hardwickiic acid	
	2) Podophyllotoxin	
	Ref.1, 2	
2	Multistep Synthesis of Some Natural Products	12 L
	i) Reserpine (R.B.Woodward Synthesis)	
	ii) Taxol (K.C. Nicolaou Synthesis)	
	iii) Estrone (K.P.C.Vollhardt Synthesis)	
	iv) Strychnine (L.E.Overman Synthesis)	
	v) Prostaglandin ( E.J.Corey Synthesis)	
	Ref.3. (Pages 55-63, 65-81,153-165,641-652,655-671), .4	
3	Secondary Metabolism:	28 L
	Primary and secondary metabolism, Enzyme and Coenzyme, The Building Blocks.	
	1. Metabolites Derived from Mevalonates: Terpenoids - Mono, Sesqui, Di and	
	Triterpenoids and Cholesterol.	
	2. Metabolites Derived from Shikimic acid: cinnamic acids, lignans and lignin, coumarins,	
	flavonoids and terpenoid quinones.	
	3. Secondary metabolism of Amino acids: Alkaloids derived from ornithine, lysine,	
	nicotinic acid, tyrosine and tryptophan.	
	Ref. 5 (6-17,95-142,173-189,192-243), Ref.6.(7-30, 121-158, 167-226, 291-368), 7, 8, 9	
4	Vitamins	08 L
	<b>a</b> ) Classification, sources and biological importance of vitamin B1, B2, B6, folic acid, B12,	
	C, D1, E (α-tocopherol), K1, K2, H (β- biotin).	
	b)synthesis of the following:	
	Vitamin B1(including synthesis of pyrimidine and thiazole moieties	

Vitamin B2 from 3, 4-dimethylaniline and D (-) ribose	
Vitamin B6 from: Ethoxyacetylacetone and cyanoacetamide	
Vitamin E (α-tocopherol) from trimethylquinol and phytyl bromide	
Vitamin K1(α- Phylloquinone) from 2-methyl-1, 4-naphthaquinone and phytol.	
Vitamin Folic acid from Guanidine and ethyl cyano acetate.	
Ref.10. (598-603,604-607, 615-617, 619-621, 623-625), Ref. 11 (116-156), 12, 13	
References:	
1.i) Tetrahedron Letter No.49, pp. 3751-3759, 1964. Pergamon Press Ltd. Printed in O Britain.	Great
<ul><li>ii) Tetrahedron vol.35 Pages 2301-2310 Pergamon Press Ltd. Printed in Great Brita</li><li>2. i) J.C.S. Perkin Transactions II, 288-292, (1973).</li></ul>	lin.
ii) J. Am. Chem. Soc.Vol.77.432-437,(1955).	
3. Classics in Total Synthesis: By Nicolaou, K. C. and Sorensen, E. J. (1996) Ta Strategies, Methods, Wiley VCH.	
4. Principles of Organic Synthesis By-Norman, R. O. C. and Coxon, J. M. (1993) Chapman and Hall, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, CRC Press.	3). by
<ul> <li>5.Secondary Metabolism, J. Mann, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition (Oxford UniversityPress).</li> <li>6. Medicinal Natural Products: A Biosynthetic Approach, By Paul M Dewick. A John and Sons, Ltd, Publication.</li> </ul>	Wiley
7. Chemical aspects of Biosynthesis – J. Mann (1994).	
8. Biogenesis of Natural Products. By- Baldev Kumar, Harish Kumar Chopra. Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.	Narosa
9.Biosynthesis of Natural Products. P.Manitto.	
10. Organic Chemistry, Vol. II Stereochemistry and Chemistry of Natural Pr	oducts
<ul> <li>By.I.L.Finar.</li> <li>11. Biochemistry, Dr U Satyanarayan and Dr U Chakrapani, Books and Allied (P) Ltd</li> <li>12.Outline of Biochemistry By- E.E.Conn and P.K.Stumpf.4<sup>th</sup> edition John Wiley and</li> <li>New York and London</li> </ul>	
13.Principles of Biochemistry by Lehninger, Macmillan Education	
Course Outcomes:	
Students will be able to	
• Learn the chemistry of terpenoids.	
• Learn the chemistry of Alkaloids derived from Amino acids.	
• Learn the structure, biogenesis of some natural products.	
• Utilized the knowledge of reagents in multi-step synthesis of biologically	active
members.	
• Explain the classification of vitamins and their biological importance.	

	CH-451: Synthetic Methods in Organic Chemistry	
	(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)	
	Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the	
	CO-1. Study of transition metal complexes in organic synthesis.	
	CO-2. Study of different types of coupling reactions.	
	CO-3. Study of Umpolung and Protecting Groups.	
	CO-4. To learn and apply various concepts retrosynthesis.	
	CO-5. Some Advanced Synthetic Reactions.	
	Course Contents (Topics and sub-topics)	
1	Applications following elements in organic synthesis	05 L
	a)Boron	
	b) Thallium	
	Ref.:	
	1. Organic synthesis, The role of Boron and Silicon, Susan E. Thomas, Oxford University	
	Press.	
	2. Modern methods of organic synthesis – W. Carruthers (Cambridge) pp, 315-330	
	3. Organic Synthesis, Jagdamba Singh and L.D.S. Yadav, A Pragati Edition, pp 354-357	
	or organie Synanous, vagaaniou Singh and Elevisi Tadav, TTTTagaa Danion, pp 00 + 00 ;	
2	Uses of transition metal complexes in organic synthesis	14 L
	i. Ni (Uses of Nickel carbonyl, Ni (COD) <sub>2</sub> )	
	ii. Pd (Heck, Suzuki, Stille, Sonogashira, Negishi, Buchwald-Hartwig	
	Couplings, Wacker process)	
	iii. Pt (Hydrogenation)	
	iv. Ru (Grubb's Catalyst, only Ring closing & Ring Opening metathesis, polymerization)	
	v. Co (Oxo process, Pauson Khand Reaction, Vollhardt co-trimerization)	
	vi. Fe (Tetracarbonyl ferrate, Noyori reaction	
	Ref:	
	1. Organic chemistry – J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers (Oxford Press)	
	2. Modern methods of organic synthesis – W. Carruthers (Cambridge) pp 75-105, 405-421.	
	3. Organometallics in organic synthesis – J. M. Swan and D. C. Black (Chapman & Hall)	
	4. Organic Synthesis, Jagdamba Singh and L.D.S. Yadav, A Pragati Edition	
	5. Modern Organic Synthesis an Introduction –G.S. Zweifel and M. H. Nantz, Second edition,	
3	Wiley Publication	04 L
3	Umpolung in Organic Synthesis	04 L
	Ref:	
	1. Some modern methods of organic synthesis – W. Carruthers (Cambridge), pp 1-45	
	2. Organic chemistry – J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, Second edition (Oxford Press)	
	3. Organic Reaction Mechanisms- V.K. Ahluwalia & Rakesh K. Parashar (Fourth Edition),	
	Narosa Publication pp, 128-134	
4	Nitrogen, Phosphorous and Sulphur Ylides in Organic synthesis	05 L
	Ref:	
	1. Organic chemistry – J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers(Oxford Press)	
	2. Some modern methods of organic synthesis – W. Carruthers (Cambridge)	
	3. Advanced organic chemistry, Part B – F. A Carey and R. J. Sundberg, 5th edition (2007)	

5	Protecting groups in Organic Synthesis:	06 I	
	Protection & deprotection of Hydroxyl, Carbonyl, amino and carboxylic acid functional		
	groups & its applications, solid phase peptide synthesis.		
	Ref:		
	1. Organic chemistry – J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren (Oxford Press)		
	2. Modern Organic Synthesis an Introduction –G.S. Zweifel and M. H. Nantz, Second edition, Wiley Publication		
	3. Advanced organic chemistry, Part B – F. A Carey and R. J. Sundberg, 5th edition (2007)		
	4. Protective groups in organic synthesis, T. W. Greene and P. G. M. Wuts, 2 <sup>n</sup> d Ed. John Wiley and Sons, 1991.		
;	Designing in Organic Synthesis:	16L	
	Disconnection Approach: An introduction to synthons and synthetic equivalents, functional		
	group interconversions.		
	<b>One group Disconnections: Disconnections</b> of simple alcohols, simple olefins, Aryl		
	ketones, control, Disconnections of simple ketones & acids, two group Disconnections: 1,3-		
	Dioxygenated skeletons, $-\beta$ -hydroxy carbonyl compounds, $\alpha$ - $\beta$ unsaturated carbonyl		
	compounds, 1,3 dicarbonyl compounds, 1,5 dicarbonyl compounds –Use of Mannich reaction		
	<b>Two group Disconnections:</b> The 1,2 Dioxygenation pattern $-\alpha$ -hydroxy carbonyl		
	compounds,1,2 diols, Illogical electrophiles ,1,4 Dioxygenation pattern - 1,4 dicarbonyl compounds, γ hydroxy carbonyl compounds, other illogical synthons ,1,6 dicarbonyl		
	compounds, pericyclic reactions, Heteroatoms & heterocyclic compounds		
	Linear and Convergent Synthesis		
	Ref.		
	<ol> <li>Designing of organic synthesis – S. Warren (Wiley) pp 4-318</li> </ol>		
,	2. Organic chemistry – J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, (Oxford Press)	10	
,	Some Advanced Synthetic Reactions	10	
	a) <b>Click chemistry:</b> Introduction, Criteria for Click reaction. Sharpless azides cycloadditions		
	b) Olefination reactions: Tebbe, McMurry, Julia-Lythgoe, Peterson's Olefination		
	c) Fragmentaion reactions: Eschenmoser, Grob.		
	d) Some other reactions: Mitsunobu, Nef, Staudinger, Brook rearangment.		
	Ref:		
	1. Organic chemistry – J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers (Oxford Press)		
	2. Some modern methods of organic synthesis – W. Carruthers (Cambridge)		
	3. <u>www.organicchemistryportal.com</u>		
	4. <u>www.synarchive.com</u>		
	Course Outcomes: The students will be able to		
	• Understand and apply the specific protecting groups for the reactant to react the desirable functional group.		
	• Design the synthetic pathway from target molecule by applying the retrosynthesis, disconnection approach.		
		1	
	• Understand various synthetic methods in organic synthesis.		

CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits) Course Objectives: To make the students conversant with the CO-1. To learn structure features of various drug molecules. CO-2. Study of symptoms, treatment of different diseases. CO-3. Study of synthesis of various drugs molecules. Course Contents (Topics and subtopics) Introduction to medicinal chemistry Classification, Nomenclature, Sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, herapeutic index, Bioavailability, Drug assay and drug potency, Concept and definition of harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism a drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	10 L
CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	20-1. To learn structure features of various drug molecules. 20-2. Study of symptoms, treatment of different diseases. 20-3. Study of synthesis of various drugs molecules. 20-3. Study of synthesis of various drugs molecules. 20-4. Study of synthesis of various drugs, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-5. Throduction, Nomenclature, Sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-6. The appendix of the sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-7. The appendix of the sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-8. The appendix of the sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-9. The appendix of the sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-9. The appendix of the sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, 20-9. The appendix of the appendix of the sources, Concept and definition of 20-9. The appendix of the appendi	10 L
CC CC I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	20-2. Study of symptoms, treatment of different diseases. 20-3. Study of synthesis of various drugs molecules. Course Contents (Topics and subtopics) Introduction to medicinal chemistry Classification, Nomenclature, Sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, Cherapeutic index, Bioavailability, Drug assay and drug potency, Concept and definition of harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism and drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	10 L
CC I Int Cla The pha (bi) Co lipe in Me 2 An Int 3 An Int	20-3. Study of synthesis of various drugs molecules. <b>Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)</b> <b>Introduction to medicinal chemistry</b> Classification, Nomenclature, Sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, Therapeutic index, Bioavailability, Drug assay and drug potency, Concept and definition of harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism a drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	10 L
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Cla Thu pha (bi Co lipe in Me 2 An Int 3 An Int	ntroduction to medicinal chemistry Classification, Nomenclature, Sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, Cherapeutic index, Bioavailability, Drug assay and drug potency, Concept and definition of harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism in drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	10 L
Cla Thu pha (bi) Co lipo in Me 2 An Int 3 An Int	Classification, Nomenclature, Sources, Concepts of prodrugs and soft drugs, Receptor, Therapeutic index, Bioavailability, Drug assay and drug potency, Concept and definition of harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism in drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	10 L
The pha(bi)ColipeinMe2AnInt3An	Therapeutic index, Bioavailability, Drug assay and drug potency, Concept and definition of harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism in drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
pha(bi)ColipeinMe2AnInt3An	harmacophore. Basic Pharmacokinetics: drug absorption, distribution, metabolism biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism in drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
2 An Int 3 An Int	biotransformation) and elimination, Pharmacokinetics- Drug targets: enzymes and receptors. Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism in drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
Co lipe in Me 2 An Int 3 An Int	Competitive, non-competitive inhibitors, Physical and chemical parameters like solubility, pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism a drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
2 An Int 3 An Int	pophilicity, ionization, pH, redox potential, H-bonding, partition coefficient and isomerism n drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
in Me 2 An Int 3 An Int	n drug distribution and drug-receptor binding, Factors affecting Absorption, Distribution, Aetabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
2 An Int 3 An Int	Aetabolism, Elimination and Toxicity, Structure activity relationship.	
2 An Int 3 An Int		
Int     3   An     Int		
3 An Int	antibiotics:	04 L
Int	ntroduction, Classification, Structure & Uses of Streptomycin, Penicillin,	
	Intidiabetics:	06 L
	ntroduction, Classification, Management of Diabetes Mellitus, Insulin & Synthesis of	
Gli	Blibenclamide, Metformin	
4 An	Anticancer / Antineoplastic agents:	08 L
Int	ntroduction, Classification, Causes, Treatment of Cancer, Synthesis of Mechlorethamine,	
Me	Aelphalan.	
5 An	anti-HIV Drugs:	06 L
Int	ntroduction, Classification, Causes, Prevention, Treatment, Synthesis of AZT	
6 Ca	Cardiovascular Drugs:	12 I
Int	ntroduction, Classification, Cardiovascular diseases, Synthesis of Amyl Nitrite, Sorbitrate,	
Ate	tenolol. Antihypertension Drugs	
07 Ps	sychoactive Drugs: Introduction, Classification, Synthesis of Diazepam, Alprazolam	05 L
<b>08</b> Int	ntroduction, Classification, Synthesis of some common drugs: Paracetamol, Cetrizine,	09 L
Per		

#### **References:**

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry. G. R.Chatwal.
- 2. Medicinal Chemistry—By A. Kar, Wiley,2000.
- 3. Strategies for Organic Drug synthesis and design—By D. Lednicer John Wiley1998.
- 4. Synthetic drugs—G. R. Chatwal—Himalaya, New Delhi1995.

5. Total synthesis of Natural product: The chiral approch Vol. III, S. Hanessian Pergamon Press1983.

6. Principles of Medicinal Chemistry (4<sup>th</sup>Edition) W. D. Foye, T. L. Lemke, D. A. Williams.

7. Organic Chemistry of Drug action and Design. R. B. Siwerman, (Academicpress, 1993).

- 8. Medicinal Chemistry Alka L. Gupta.
- 9. Medicinal Chemistry V. K. Ahluwalia & Madhu Chopra.

#### **Course Outcomes (COts):**

On completion of this course, the student will be able to:

CO No.	СО	
C102.1	Acquire knowledge on metabolism of biomolecules	3
C102.2	Familiarise with amino acids, proteins, lipids, nucleic acids and enzymes	4
C102.3	C102.3 Understand biochemical reactions in microbial cells and metabolic pathway diversity	

	CH-452 :(B) Applied Organic Chemistry	
	(60 L, 100 Marks and 4 Credits)	
	Course objectives	
	1. Study of important pesticides	
	2. Study of plant growth regulators and insect repellents	
	3. To learn about toxic effects of Chemicals.	
	4. Study of synthesis of important dyes intermediates	
	5. To learn mechanism of polymerization and study of different polymers	
	Course Contents (Topics and sub-topics)	
1	<ul> <li>Agrochemical: <ul> <li>a. Carbamate pesticides: Introduction, carbaryl, Baygon, Aldicarb, Ziram, Zineb</li> <li>b. Organophosphorus pesticides: Malathion, monocrotophos, dimethoate, phorate, mevinphos</li> <li>c. Natural and synthetic pyrethroids: Isolation and structures of natural allethrin, fenvalerate, cypermethrin,</li> <li>d. Plant growth regulators: General survey synthesis of simple compounds</li> <li>e. Insect repellents: General survey and synthesis</li> </ul></li></ul>	15 L
2	<b>Chemical Toxicology</b> Toxic chemicals in the environments, Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides.	15 L
3	Dyes and Intermediates:	15 L
	Synthesis of important dye intermediates. Commercial processes for Azo dyes, reactive dyes, optical brighteners, thermal sensitive dyes, dispenses dyes.	
4	Polymers:	15L
	Mechanism of polymerization. Study of polyesters, polyamides, PVC, polystyrene, polyvinyl acetate and polyvinyl alcohol, polyethene, viscose rayon, synthesis of polyethylene, polypropylene. Synthetic rubbers: Styrene-butadiene, butyl polyisoprene, phenol formation formaldehyde resin. Plasticisers and anti-oxidants for polymers, Natural polymers: Starch and cellulose.	
	Reference Books	
	<ol> <li>Allan: Colour Chemistry</li> <li>K. Venkataraman: Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes Vol- 1 to 7</li> <li>Abrahart: Dyes &amp; their intermediates</li> <li>N. N. Melikov: The Chemistry of Pesticides and formulations</li> <li>K. H. Buchel: Chemistry of Pesticides</li> <li>R. Cleymlin: Pesticides</li> <li>F. W. Billmeyer: Text book of Polymer Science</li> </ol>	

8. H. R. Alcock and F. W. Lambe: Contemporary Polymer Chemistry	
9. J. M. G. Cowie, Blackie: Physics & Chemistry of Polymers	
10. P. H. Groggins: Unit Processes in Organic Synthesis	
11. B. Biollot & P. V. Wells: Perfumary Technology	
12. M. Ash & I. Ash: A formulary of Cosmetic Preparations	
13. A.K. De, Environmental Chemistry, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, New Age International Priv	rate
Ltd.,New Delhi.	
Course outcomes: Students will able to	
1. Acquire knowledge of different agrochemicals.	
2. Familiar with Chemical toxicology.	
3. Familiar with dyes and intermediates.	
4. Familiar with preparation of various polymers.	

# CH-O-2: Organic Chemistry Practical Course-II (180Hrs, 100 Marks and 6 Credits)

Course Objectives: To make the students familiar with the

CO-1. To learn techniques for separation of ternary mixture carried out on micro-scale.

CO-2. Understand the isolation and separation technique of natural products.

CO-3. Interpretation of actual instrumental spectral data (UV, FT-IR, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, CMR and Mass spectra)

### **Ternary Mixture Separation (Minimum Ten)**

Separation of mixtures containing three components. The mixtures should also involve separation of nitro

phenols, amino acids, low boiling substances, water soluble substances. Amines, Phenols and acids used

should also contain other elements and functional groups. The mixture separation should be carried out on

micro-scale using ether. The purity of the separated compounds should be checked by TLC.

#### Isolation and separation of Natural products: (Any Four)

#### It should involve solvent extraction, chromatographic & distillation techniques.

- 1) Isolation of Hesperdin from orange peel
- 2) Isolation of Eugenol from cloves
- 3) Isolation of Caffeine from tea
- 4) Isolation of Nicotine from tobacco
- 5) Isolation of Piperine from blackpepper
- 6) Isolation of Lactose and casein from milk
- 7) Isolation of Cellobiose-octa-acetate from cotton
- 8) Isolation of Stigmasterol from soya bean oil
- 9) Isolation of  $\beta$ -carotene from carrot

# Spectral interpretation of UV, IR, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, CMR and Mass Spectra: (Minimum 10 Organic Compounds)

#### **References:**

- 1. Vogel's, Practical Organic Chemistry.
- 2. Practical Organic Chemistry, R. K. Bansal.
- 3. Natural Product Isolation, Satyajit D. Sarker, Zahid Latif, Alexander I. Gray, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Springer.
- 4. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann & Saunders.
- 5. Organic Structures from Spectra, 4th Edition, L. D. Field, S. Sternhell, J. R. Kalman, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

Course Outcomes (COts):				
On completion of this course, the student will be able to:				
		Cognitive level		
СН-О-2.1	Separate the ternary mixture with proper technique and identification of the type of given compound.	4		
СН-О-2.2	Isolate and separate the organic compounds from natural products	3		
СН-О-2.3	Collect the data and solve the structure by given spectral data.	3		

# CH-O-3: Organic Chemistry Practical Course-III (180 Hrs, 100 Marks and 6 Credits)

**Course Objectives:** To make the students conversant with the CO-1. To learn techniques for preparation of compounds. CO-2. To learn two stage, three stage, multicomponent synthesis. CO-3. To learn total synthesis technique.

#### • Drying of Organic Solvents:

Dry various commonly used organic solvents with several different drying agents. Recommending to optimum drying agents/conditions that can be used to rapidly and reliably generate solvents with low residual water content by means of commonly available materials found in most synthesis laboratories

Solvents: THF, Toluene, Dichloromethane, Acetonitrile, Methanol, Ethanol etc.

#### • Two Stage Preparations Monitored by TLC(Minimum Six)

- 1) Benzaldehyde Benzoic acid Benzamide
- 2) Benzaldehyde Benzylidene Acetophenone 4,5-dihydro 1,3,5-triphenyl-1H-pyrazole
- 3) Acetophenone Oxime Acetanilide.
- 4) Acetophenone- Benzalacetophenone Epoxide
- 5) Nitrobenzene m- Dinitrobenzene m- Nitroaniline.
- 6) Nitrobenzene n- Phenyl hydroxylamine P amino Phenol
- 7) Acetophenone Acetophenone Phenylhydrazone 2-Phenyl Indole
- 8) Chlorobenzene- 2,4- dinitrochloro benzene 2,4- dinitrophenol.

#### • Three stage Preparation Monitored by TLC (Minimum Four)

#### Prep-1: Synthesis of P-NitroAniline from Aniline

Step 1: Aniline to Acetanilide (Acetylation) Step 2: Acetanilide to P- Nitroacetanilide (Nitration) Step 3: P- Nitroacetanilide to P-Nitroaniline (Hydrolysis) **Prep-2: Synthesis of Methyl Orange from Aniline** Step 1: Aniline to sulphanilic acid (sulphonation) Step 2: sulphanilic acid to Diazonium chloride (diazotization) Step 3: Diazonium chloride to methyl orange (coupling reaction) Prep-3: Synthesis of p nitro benzoyl peroxide from P- nitro toluene Step 1: P- Nitrotoluene to p Nitro benzoic acid (Oxidation) Step 2: P-Nitro benzoic acid to P-Nitro benzoyl chloride (Substitution) Step 3: P-Nitro benzoyl chloride to P-Nitro benzoyl peroxide (Oxidation) Prep-4: Synthesis of p-Bromo Benzanilide from Benzophenone Step 1: Benzophenone to benzophenone oxime (Addition) Step 2: Benzophenone oxime to benzanilide (Beckmann's rearrangement) Step 3: Benzanilide to p-bromobenzanilide (Bromination) Prep-5:synthesis of Benzilic acid from Benzaldehyde Step 1: Benzaldehyde (using thiamine HCl) to Benzoin (condensation) Step 2: Benzoin to Benzil (oxidation) Step 3: Benzil to Benzilic acid (rearrangement)

Prep-6: Synthesis of Benzylamine acid from phthalic anhydride

Step 1: Phthalic anhydride to phthalimide (Amide formation)Step 2: Phthalimide to N-Benzylphthalimide (N-Alkylation)Step 3: N-Benzylphthalimide to Benzylamine (Hoffman Degradation Reaction)

## • Four Stage Preparation Monitored by TLC (Any One)

Prep-7: Synthesis of o-chlorobenzoic acid from phthalic acid
Step 1: Phthalic acid to phthalic anhydride (Dehydration)
Step 2: Phthalic anhydride to phthalimide (Amide formation)
Step 3: Phthalimide- Anthranilic acid (Hoffman's reaction)
Step 4: Anthranilic acid to o-chlorobenzoic acid (Diazotization followed by sandmayer's)
Prep-8: Synthesis of Paracetamol from Benzene
Step 1: Benzene to Nitrobenzene (Nitration)
Step 2:Nitrobenzene to N-phenyl hydroxylamine (reduction)
Step 3: N-phenyl hydroxylamine to p-aminophenol (Bamberger Rearrangement)
Step 4: p-amino phenol to p-hydroxy acetanilide/paracetamol (acetylation)
Prep-9: Synthesis of m-Chloro-Nitrobenzene from Nitrobenzene
Step 1: Nitrobenzene to m-dinitrobenzene (nitration)
Step 2: m-dinitrobenzene to m-nitro aniline (partial reduction)
Step 3: m-nitro aniline to m-nitro diazonium chloride (diazotization)
Step 4: m-nitro diazonium chloride to m-Chloro-nitrobenzene (sandmayers reaction)

## • Multicomponent Reactions involving Green Chemistry Principles (Any Four)

Reactions involving 2,3,4 compounds should be carried out on the basis of Green Chemistry

Principles. The synthesis should be carried out on a micro scale. The progress of reaction should be monitored by TLC.

1) Synthesis of 2-amino-4H-chromene scaffold using aromatic aldehyde under Solvent-free condition catalysed by sodium carbonate (Knoevenagel–Michael addition)

2) Synthesis of 1,4-dihydropyridines in aqueous ethanol in one-pot condensation and cyclization of various types of aliphatic and aromatic aldehydes with ethyl acetoacetate and ammonium hydroxide solution (Hantzsch synthesis)

3) Synthesis of dihydropyrimidinone: acid-catalyzed three component reaction between aromatic aldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and urea/thiourea. (Biginelli reaction)

4) Synthesis of highly functionalized pyrazoles: An efficient one pot multicomponent reaction of phenyl hydrazine, malononitrile and aromatic aldehydes in water using molecular I<sub>2</sub> as catalyst

5) Synthesis of pyrano[2,3-c] pyrazole derivative, condensation of aromatic aldehydes, activated methylene reagent, ethyl acetoacetate, and hydrazine hydrate in water medium.

6) Synthesis of coumarin by Knoevenagel reaction using salicylaldehyde, and ethyl acetoacetate in presence of a base.

# **References:**

- 1. Vogel's, Practical Organic Chemistry.
- 2. Practical Organic Chemistry, R. K. Bansal.
- 3. Systematic lab experiment in Organic Chemistry by Arun Sethi.
- 4. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: By V.K. Ahluwalia, R. Aggarwal, V.K. Ahluwalia
- 5. Monograph on Green Chemistry Laboratory Experiments.
- 6. A Manual of Practical Organic Chemistry Day Sitaramam&Govindachari
- 7. Organic Experiments L.F.Fieser.
- 8. Systematic Identification of Organic Compounds, P.L.Shriner, R.C.Fuson&D.Y.Curtin.
- 9. Advanced Organic Synthesis by R.S.Monson Academic Press
- 10.Springer Science+Business Media B.V., Mol Divers (2010) 14:473-477
- DOI 10.1007/s11030-010-9246-5
- 11. Organic Process Research & Development 2002, 6, 817–818 Brindaban C. Ranu,\*AlakanandaHajra, and Suvendu S. Dey

12. New J. Chem., 2014, 38, 302, MadhulikaSrivastava, a Pratibha Rai, a Jaya Singhb and Jagdamba Singh\* DOI: 10.1039/c3nj01149f

13.Tetrahedron Letters, Somnath Ghosh ,ForidSaikh, Jhantu Das, Arun Kumar Pramanik, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2012.10.079,

14. Scholars Research Library Der Pharma Chemica, 2011, 3 (5):81-86

(http://derpharmachemica.com/archive.html), Samy A. El-Assaly

15. J. Org. Chem. Vol. 75, No. 24, 2010, pubs.acs.org/joc

Course Outcomes (COts):				
On completion of	On completion of this course, the student will be able to:			
CO No.	СО	Cognitive level		
СН-О-3	The students will be able to Understand the organic synthesis techniques.	2		

# CH-O-4: A Short Research Project (180Hrs, 100 Marks and 6 Credits)

#### **Course Objectives:**

**CO-1**. To make students familiarize themselves with the techniques such as synthesis, isolation, purification and characterization/analysis etc.

**CO-2**. To introduce students on how to generate new ideas based on literature survey and their Execution.

**CO-3**. To foster the self-confidence amongst the students to think and execute ideas Independently.

The project is allotted during the third semester. The students will get an opportunity to become a part of ongoing research activities in the respective supervisor's laboratory. This should make them familiar with the literature survey and the fundamental understanding of how to devise research methodology. It is expected that the student should learn the synthesis, isolation, purification and characterization techniques whatever applicable for their projects. Students whose projects are dependent on the instruments are expected to know SOP and their working principles. Full flexibility is given to the student in identifying the project depending on the resources and infrastructure available in the host organization. It is recommended to work on multidisciplinary projects but not mandatory. In any case, not more than 2-3 students should involve in the same project.

#### The systematic approach towards the execution of the project should be as follows:

- 1. Selection of topic relevant to priority areas of chemistry and allied sciences
- 2. Literature survey and devising research methodology based on the gaps in the literature
- 3. Good laboratory practices: Safety, MSDS, disposal of chemical waste etc.
- 4. Execution of the project by designing and performing suitable experiments
- 5. Interpretation of results and drawing important conclusions
- 6. To prepare a PowerPoint presentation using modern ICT tools
- 7. Students should present their research work in Avishkar/Webinars/Conferences
- 8. Maintaining lab notebooks and writing monthly progress report
- 9. Writing a dissertation with following components in a given order: Title of the Project, Certificates, Acknowledgement, Abstract and Keywords, Contents, Introduction, Literature, Aim of the Project, Materials and Methods, Results and Discussion, Conclusions and Future Perspectives, Contributions, Bibliography and References. Total three bound copies of the dissertation should be prepared (library, guide and student: each one copy). Student should note that plagiarism is strictly prohibited. Beside writing dissertation, students should write a manuscript/patent if the results obtained are worthy of publication.

- 10. Presentation during the university examination
- 11. The complete tenure of research project should be of one year. It should start at the third semester and will be end by the semester fourth.
- 12. Student should submit two progress report within the span of the project.
- 13. Student should be encouraged for applied and contemporary research work.
- 14. Weakly two days should be allotted to research project in a regular time table.
- 15. Each research group should not have more than four students.
- 16. Each research group should have different research topic

It highly recommended that the students should apply for the Summer Research Fellowship Programmes initiated by Science Academies of India - IAS, INSA, NASI. Similarly, there exist several other summer internship opportunities in the national institutes, reputed universities and industries. Students should explore these possibilities immediately after the completion of the second semester (M. Sc., Part - 1) meaning that applications should be sent much earlier. The exposure gained during the summer internship should build enough confidence amongst students to identify the right research project and its execution.

#### Examination Assessment (100 Marks):

#### Internal Examination (Internal Assessment) - 40 marks:

Activity	
Submission of progress reports signed by supervisor (at least 2reports, 05 marks per report)	10
Outline of research work: - literature collected, experiment planning and design	08
Experimental work performed	08
Subject/topic related one workshop/course/instrumentation training (online/offline),	10
Regular attendance maintained by Research Supervisor	04

### External Examination (External Assessment) - 60 marks:

Activity	Marks
Selection of topic of project work	05
Literature review	05
Characterization of intermediates / products	10
Overall quality of dissertation	10
Power point presentation	15
Oral discussion	10
Conference / Industrial Visit /Avishkar Participation	05

Suggested readings: Reference Books/Reviews/Journal Papers as suggested by the supervisor.

Cour	Course Outcomes (COts):			
Upon	Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:			
CO	СО	Cognitive		
No.	co	level		
1	To generate new research ideas based on the comprehensive literature survey	3		
2	To acquire skill to execute the research project independently	2		
3	To expertise in synthesis techniques and execution of research ideas would make the	4		
	student quickly employable; either in industries or in academia for pursuing higher			
	studies			

## **Audit Courses**

Technology + Value Added Course/ Professional & Social + Value Added Course

KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI         NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON         (For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU)         Syllabus under CBCS         M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry         Semester-III Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23)         AC-301(A): Computer Skills         Credit: 02         Hours of instruction/week: 0         Marks: 100		
Iviai	Course Objectives:	
	CO-1. Student will be able to understand various types of literature resources, technical	
	reports.	
	CO-2. Student will be able to make a technically sound presentation.	
	CO-3. To learn the Ethics and plagiarism precautions to be taken while doing research.	
	CO-4. To understand the process of writing research project report and research proposal. CO-5. At the end of this course, Student will be able to write a technically effective report.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
1	Elements of Information Technology 1.1 Information Types: Text, Audio, Video, and Image, storage formats	04 L
	1.2 Components: Operating System, Hardware and Software, firmware	
	1.3 Devices: Computer, Mobile Phones, Tablet, Touch Screen, Scanner,	
	Printer, Projector, smart boards	
	1.4 Processor & Memory: Processor functions, speed, Memory	
	types:RAM/ROM/HDD/DVD-ROM/Flash drives, memory measurement metrics	
2	Office Automation Text Processing	10 L
	2.1 Views: Normal View, Web Layout View, Print Layout View, Outline View, Reading Layout View	
	2.2 Working with Files: Create New Documents, Open Existing Documents, Save Documents	
	to different formats, Rename Documents, Close Documents	
	2.3 Working with Text: Type and Insert Text, Highlight Text, Formatting Text,	
	Delete Text, Spelling and Grammar, paragraphs, indentation, margins	
	2.4 Lists: Bulleted and Numbered Lists,	
	2.5 Tables: Insert Tables, Draw Tables, Nested Tables, Insert Rows and Columns, Move and	
	Resize Tables, Moving the order of the column and/or rows inside a table, Table	
	Properties	

	2.6 Page Margins, Gutter Margins, Indentations, Columns, Graphics, Print Documents,	
	2.7 Paragraph Formatting, Paragraph Attributes, Non-printing characters	
	2.8 Types of document files: RTF, PDF, DOCX etc	
3	Office Automation-Worksheet Data Processing 3.1 Spreadsheet Basics: Adding and Renaming Worksheets, Modifying Worksheets,	10 I
	3.2 Moving Through Cells, Adding Rows, Columns, and Cells, Resizing Rows	
	and Columns, Selecting Cells, Moving and Copying Cells	
	3.3 Formulas and Functions: Formulas, Linking Worksheets, Basic Functions, Auto Sum,	
	Sorting and Filtering: Basic Sorts, Complex Sorts, Auto-fill, Deleting	
	Rows, Columns, and Cells	
	3.4 Charting: Chart Types, drawing charts, Ranges, formatting charts	
4	Office Automation: 4.1 Create a new presentation, Auto Content Wizard, Design Template, Blank Presentation,	12 I
	Open an Existing Presentation, PowerPoint screen, Screen Layout	
	4.2 Working with slides: Insert a new slide, Notes, Slide layout, Apply a	
	design template, Reorder Slides, Hide Slides, Hide Slide text, Add content, resize a	
	placeholder or text box, Move a placeholder or text box, Delete a placeholder or text box,	
	Placeholder or Text box properties, Bulleted and numbered lists, Adding notes	
	4.3 Work with text: Add text and edit options, Format text, Copy text formatting, Replace	
	fonts, Line spacing, Change case, Spelling check, Spelling options	
	4.4 Working with tables: Adding a table, Entering text, Deleting a table, Changing row width,	
	Adding a row/column, Deleting a row/column, Combining cells ,Splitting a	
	cell,Adding color to cells, To align text vertically in cells, To change table	
	borders, Graphics, Add clip art, Add an image from a file, Save & Print, slide shows, slide	
~	animation/transitions.	
5	<b>Internet&amp; Applications:</b> 5.1 Computer Network Types: LAN, PAN, MAN, CAN, WAN, Defining and describing the	08 1
	Internet, Brief history, Browsing the Web, Hypertext and hyperlinks, browsers,	
	Uniform resource locator	
	5.2 Internet Resources: Email, Parts of email,	
	5.3 Protecting the computer: Password protection, Viruses, Virus protection	
	software, Updating the software, Scanning files, Net banking precautions.	
	5.4 Social Networking: Features, Social impact, emerging trends, issues, Social	
	Networking sites: Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Orkut, online booking services	
	5.5 Online Resources: Wikipedia, Blog, Job portals, C.V. writing	
	5.6 e-learning: e-Books, e-Magazines, e-News papers, OCW(open course wares): Sakshat	

	(NPTEL) portal, MIT courseware	
6	<ul> <li>Cloud Computing Basics</li> <li>6.1 Introduction to cloud computing</li> <li>6.2 Cloud computing models: SAS, AAS, PAS</li> <li>6.3 Examples of SAS, AAS, PAS (Drop Box, Google Drive, Google Docs, Office 365 Prezi, etc.)</li> </ul>	06 L
	<ul> <li>References:</li> <li>1. TCI, "Introduction to Computers and Application Software", Publisher: Jones &amp; Bartlett Learning, 2010, ISBN: 1449609821, 9781449609825</li> <li>2. Laura Story, Dawna Walls, "Microsoft Office 2010 Fundamentals", Publisher: Cengage Learning, 2010, ISBN: 0538472464, 9780538472463</li> <li>3. June Jamrich Parsons, Dan Oja, "Computer Concepts Illustrated series", Edition 5, Publisher Course Technology, 2005, ISBN 0619273550, 9780619273552</li> <li>4. Cloud computing online resources</li> </ul>	

Course Outcomes (COts):					
Upon	Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:				
CO					
No.	СО	level			
1	To create new document, work with existing documents.	2			
2	To acquire skill to insert and resize tables.	3			
3	To make power point presentation, auto content vizards.	4			

	KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON (For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU) Syllabus under CBCS M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry Semester-III Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23)		
	AC-301(B): Cyber Security		
	Credit: 02Hours of instruction/week: 02Marks: 100Total hours of instruction: 60		
	Course Objectives:	-	
	CO-1. Student will be able to understand different types of networks		
	CO-2. Student will be able to understand security concepts.		
	CO-3. Student will learn about cyber crimes		
1	Networking Concepts Overview Basics of Communication Systems, Transmission Media, ISO/OSI and TCP/IP models, Network types: Local Area Networks, Wide Area Networks, Internet working, Packet Formats, Wireless Networks: Wireless concepts, Advantages of Wireless, Wireless network architecture, Reasons to use wireless, Internet.	06 L	
2	Security Concepts Information Security Overview, Information Security Services, Types of Attacks, Goals for Security, E-commerce Security, Computer Forensics, Steganography. Importance of Physical Security, Biometric security & its types, Risk associated with improper physical access, Physical Security equipment. Passwords: Define passwords, Types of passwords, Passwords Storage – Windows & Linux.	14 L	
3	Security Threats and vulnerabilities Overview of Security threats, Hacking Techniques, Password Cracking, Types of password attacks, Insecure Network connections, Wi-Fi attacks & countermeasures, Information Warfare and Surveillance. Cyber crime: e-mail related cyber crimes, Social network related cyber crimes, Desktop related cyber crimes, Social Engineering related cyber crimes, Network related cyber crimes, Cyber terrorism, Banking crimes,	14 L	
4	<b>Cryptography</b> Understanding cryptography, Goals of cryptography, Types of cryptography, Applications of Cryptography, Use of Hash function in cryptography, Digital signature in cryptography, Public Key infrastructure,	10 L	
5	System &Network Security System Security: Desktop Security, email security: PGP and SMIME, Web Security: web authentication, Security certificates, SSL and SET, Network Security: Overview of IDS, Intrusion Detection Systems and Intrusion Prevention Systems, Overview of Firewalls, Types of Firewalls, VPN Security, Security in Multimedia Networks, Fax Security	06 L	
6	OS Security OS Security Vulnerabilities updates and patches, OS integrity checks, Anti-virus software, Design of secure OS and OS hardening, configuring the OS for security, Trusted OS.	04 L	
7	Security Laws and Standards Security laws genesis, International Scenario, Security Audit, IT Act 2000 and its amendments.	06 L	

	References:		
	<ol> <li>Principles of Computer Security, W.A.Cokline, G.White, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hills.</li> <li>Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices-William Stallings, 7<sup>th</sup></li> </ol>		
	Edition, Pearson <b>3.</b> Cryptography and Network Security -William Stallings, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson		
	<ul> <li>Gryptography and Network Security- Forouzan Mukhopadhyay, McGraw Hills 2<sup>n</sup> Edition.</li> </ul>	ıd	
	<ul> <li>5. Principles of Information Security- Michael E. Whiteman, Herbert J Mattora CENGAGE Learning 4<sup>th</sup> Edition.</li> </ul>		
	6. Kimberly Graves: CEH-official Ethical Hackeer Guide, Wiley Publishing Inc. 2007, ISBN:978-0-7821-4437-6.		
	<b>7.</b> Shakeel Ali & TediHeriyanto" Backtrack-4Assuring Security by penetration testing PACKT Publishing,2011, ISBN: 978-1-849513-94-4.		
	<ul><li>8. Understanding Laws- Cyber laws and Cyber-crimes (Lexix Nexis)</li><li>9. Cyber Crime Mannual by Bibhas Catterjee, Lawman Publication.</li></ul>		
Course Outcomes (COts):			
Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:			
CO No.	CO CO	ognitive vel	
1	To understand different types of networks2		
2	To acquire skill to use Hash function, digital signature3		

	KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI	
	NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON	
	(For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU)	
	Syllabus under CBCS	
	M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry	
	Semester-III Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23)	
	AC-301 (C): Molecular Docking	
	Credit: 02 Hours of instruction/week: 02	
1	Marks: 100Total hours of instruction: 60	
	Course Objectives:	
	CO-1. Student will be able to know about natural products.	
	CO-2. Students will understand structure-based drug design.	
	CO-3. Student will learn about the docking method.	<b>2</b> 0 <b>J</b>
	Introduction drug design and discovery	20 L
	Introduction: - Natural product, Drugs; principles of drug Development.	
	Bioinformatics in drug development, Chemoinformatics and Pharmacoinformatics.	
	Applications of Drug Discovery and In-Silico Drug Designing, Area influencing drug	
	discovery; Molecular Biology, pharmacogenomics and pharmacoproteomics	
2	Structure-based drug designing	20 L
	Introduction, Structure-based drug designing approaches: - Target Identification and	
	Validation, homology modeling and protein folding, receptor mapping, active site analysis	
ť	and pharmacophore mapping, Grid maps.	
3 ]	Ligand-based drug designing and docking	20 L
4	4.1 Introduction, Ligand-based drug designing approaches: Lead Designing, combinatorial	
(	chemistry, High Throughput Screening (HTS), QSAR, Database generation and Chemical	
1	libraries, ADME property. 4.2 Introduction to docking methods to generate new structure;	
r	Tools and Molecular docking programs: Auto Dock, Dock, HEX	
	References:	
	1. The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Louis S.Goodman, Alfred Gilman Sr., Edited	
1	by Laurence L.Brunton, John S.L., K.L.Parkar, McGraw HillEducation, 11 <sup>th</sup> Edition (2005).	
	2. Oxford Textbook of Clinical Pharmacology and Drug Therapy, D.G.Grahame-Smith and	
	J.K.Aronson, Oxford University Press, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition (2002).	
	3. Organic Chemistry of drug design and drug action, R,B.Silverman, Academic Press, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
	Edition (2004).	
	4. Statistical Methods in Biology, Bailey M. A., Norman T. J., Cambridge University Press,	
	$3^{rd}$ Edition (1995).	
	5. A Text book of Drug design and development, Povl. Krogsgaard-Larsen Tommy L. and U	
	Madsen, CRC Press,2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition (1996).	
	e Outcomes (COts):	
Upon t	he completion of course, the student should be able:	
CO		ognitive
<u>No.</u> 1	Image: To understand the principle of drug development.     2	vel
2	To identify target and its validation, incase of structure based drug design3	

	KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON (For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU) Syllabus under CBCS M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry Semester-IV Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23) AC-301 (D): Technical Report Writing	
Credit: 02 AC-501 (D): Technical Keport writing Hours of instruction/week: Marks: 100 Total hours of instruction:		
	Course Objectives: To make the students familiar with the,	
	CO-1. Student will be able to understand various types of literature resources, technical	
	reports.	
	CO-2. Student will be able to make a technically sound presentation.	
	CO-3. To learn the Ethics and plagiarism precautions to be taken while doing research.	
	CO-4. To understand the process of writing research project report and research proposal. CO-5. At the end of this course, Student will be able to write a technically effective report.	
	Course Contents (Topics and subtopics)	
	Literature Resources, Writing Scientific Reports, Scientific Paper and Writing a Scientific	
	Paper	
1	Literature Resources:	20
	Introduction of Print and Digital Literature Resources, Sources of Information, Types of	
	Literature: Primary, Secondary, and tertiary sources of Information, Types of Journals,	
	Literature Review, Need for Literature Review, Writing a Literature Review, Conference	
	Proceedings, Journal Impact Factor, <i>h</i> -index, and Citation Index. Seminar Conference and	
	Workshop. Shodhganga: a reservoir of Indian Theses.	
	Ref.: Ref 1: Pages: 149-177; Ref. – 2.	
2	Writing Scientific Reports:	20 ]
	Introduction, Types of Scientific Reports, General Rules for Scientific Writing, Synopsis	
	Writing, Progress Report, Formats for Report Writing, Reporting Practical and Project work,	
	Research Proposal, Referencing. Introduction of Plagiarism, Reading Research Paper.	
	Scientific work presentation, Organizing a Poster display, Oral Presentation, Resume,	
	Curriculum Vitae, A Comparison between a Resume, Curriculum Vitae.	
	Ref.: Ref 1: Relevant Pages; Ref 3: Pages: 85-107, 209-232, Ref. 5: 344-360.	
3	Scientific Paper and Writing a Scientific Paper:	20
	Introduction of Scientific Paper, Title, Abstract, Keywords, Introduction, Materials and	
	Methods, Result and Discussion, Conclusion, Acknowledge and References.	
	Introduction to writing a scientific paper, Importance of Scientific Writing, Characteristics	
	of Scientific Writing, Duties and Responsibilities of Authors, Communicating to a Journal,	

Submi	ission Methods, Peer Review: Single Blind Review, Double Blind Review and Open
Review	<i>W</i> .
<b>Ref.:</b> ]	Ref. – 1: Pages: 180-208.; Ref. – 4: 325-354, Ref. 5: 344-360.
Refer	ences:
1.	Research Methodology for Scientific Research, K. Prathapan, I. K. International
	Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2019).
2.	https://shodhganga.inflibnet.ac.in/
3.	Advanced Manual for Communication Laboratories and Technical Report
	Writing, D. Sudha Rani, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd, Pearson Education in
	South Asia, New Delhi 110 017, India (2012).
4.	Practical Skills in Chemistry, 2nd Ed, Dean, J. R., Jones, A. M., Holmes, D., Reed,
	R., Weyers, J. and Jones, A. Prentice-Hall, Harlow (2011).
5.	Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, 3rd edition, Kothari, C.R.
	Published by New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers (2004).
6.	APPENDIX A: The Literature of Organic Chemistry March's Advanced Organic
	Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms, and Structure, Seventh Edition, by Michael B.
	Smith and Jerry March Copyright John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (2013).
7.	Research Methodology, G. H. Sonawane, H. A. Mahajan, H. R. Talele, S. S.
	Rajput, S. D. Yeole, S. L. Sonawane, Prashant Publications (2020).

Course Outcomes (COts):				
Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:				
CO	СО			
No.		level		
1	To be able to write comprehensive literature review, project or scientific reports on a given research topic.	2		
2	To follow the ethical guidelines while doing research avoid plagiarism in thesis and research publications.	3		
3	To be able to present and communicate their scientific work as well as ideas to scientific community.	2		
4	To utilize the gained knowledge or skills in the scientific research and build his/her career in chemistry research field	2		

	KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON		
	(For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU)		
	Syllabus under CBCS M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry		
	Semester-IV Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23)		
	AC-401 (A): Human Rights		
	Credit: 02 Hours of instruction/week: 02		
	Marks: 100 Total hours of instruction: 60		
	<b>Course Objective</b> To impart the basic ideas about Human Rights at post graduations level. This paper provides different aspects of human rights which includes children and women. Students can learn not only their basic rights bus also can understand the duties to be carried out in the days to come.		
1	An Introduction to Human Rights	10 L	
	1.1: Values – Dignity, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Unity in Diversity		
	1.2: Human Rights – Meaning and features; Significance of the study		
	1.3: Classification of Human Rights		
	1.4: Rights and Duties – Correlation		
2	Human Rights of Vulnerable Groups:	14 L	
-	2.1: Women's Rights	1.2	
	2.2: Rights of the Child		
	2.3: The Rights of Persons Belonging to Minorities		
	2.4: Rights of Refugees and Migrant Workers		
	2.5: Indigenous People and Human Rights		
	2.6: Human Rights of Prisoners		
	2.7: Rights of Physically Disabled		
3	Human Rights in India	12 L	
0	3.1: Human Rights and Fundamental Rights	12 2	
	3.2: Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties		
	3.3: Directive Principles		
	3.4: Role of Judiciary in the protection of Human Rights		
4	Protection and promotion of Human Rights in India	12 L	
	4.1: National Human Rights Commission – Composition and functions		
	4.2: Human Rights and NGOs		
	4.3: Human Rights and Media		
5	Issues and concerns in Human Rights	12 L	
	5.1: Changing dimensions of Human Rights		
	5.2: Challenges to Human Rights promotion in India-Poverty, Illiteracy, Communal and caste		
	conflicts, patriarchal values, lack of inclusive development		
	5.3: Human Rights and Terrorism		
	5.4: Human Rights and problems of health and environment		
	References :		
	1. "Protect Human Rights", http://www.un.org/en/sections/what-we-do/protect-human-		
	rights/index.html		
	<ol> <li>Aftab Alam, ed., Human Rights in India: Issues and Challenges, Delhi; Raj Publications., 2012</li> </ol>		
	3. D.D. Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Gurgaon; Lexis Nexis, 2008		
	4. Upendra Baxi, The Future of Human Rights, New Delhi; OUP India, 2012		
	5. Andrew Clapham, Human Rights A Very Short Introduction, Oxford; OUP, 2015		

<ul> <li>6. Human Rights by S. Subrahmanyam</li> <li>7. M.P.Dube and Neeta Bora, eds., Perspectives on Human Rights, Delhi; Anamika Pub., 2000</li> <li>8. Manisha Priyam, Krishna Menon and Madhulikea Banerjee, Human Rights, Gender and the Environment, Chennai; Pearson Education, 2009</li> <li>9. K.P. Saksena, ed.,Human Rights and the Constitution: Vision and Reality,, New Delhi; Gyan Pub., 2003</li> <li>10. K.S. Pavithran, Human Rights in India: Discourses and Contestations, New Delhi; Gyan Pub., 2018</li> <li>11. H.O. Agarwal, Human Rights, Allahabad: Central Law Pub., 2016</li> <li>12. Baradat Sergio and Swaronjali Ghosh. Teaching of Human Rights : Dominant Publishers and distributors, New Delhi,2009.</li> </ul>				
Cour	<ul> <li>13. Asish Kumar Das and Prasant Kumar Mohanty, Human Rights in India, New Delhi; Sarup &amp; Sons, 2007</li> <li>14. C.J. Nirmal, Human Rights in India, Historical, Social and Political Perspectives, New Delhi, OUP, 2002</li> <li>Course Outcomes (COts):</li> </ul>			
Upon	the completion of course, the student should be able:			
CO	СО	Cognitive		
No.				
1	Understand the importance and different approaches to Human rights.	2		
2	Understand the different Constitutional provisions and legislation to protect Human rights in India.	3		
3	Examine the challenges to Human Rights of different vulnerable sections.	2		
4	Understand the issues concerning the rights of citizens in general.	2		

## **KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI** NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON (For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU) **Svllabus under CBCS** M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry Semester-IV Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23) AC-401 (B): Seminar on Review of Research Paper Credit: 02 Hours of instruction/week: 02 Marks: 100 Total hours of instruction: 60 **Course Objectives:** CO-1. Students will learn how to do the referencing. CO-2. Students will understand how to write the review of literature. Select a topic for research duly in consultation with his/her guide. 10L 1 Identify the appropriate databases for literature survey and compile a working bibliography 20L 2 adopting standard referencing style. 3 Prepare a comprehensive and critical review of the literature highlighting the growth, 20L development, evolution and landmarks in the area of research. The review should result in identification of gaps in the existing literature and should form the basis to present the novelty, and need for the study. The objective, methodology and findings of the earlier significance studies shall be examined in the context of the research topic chosen by the researcher. Present the literature review report in the form of a seminar and submit the same to be 10L 4 evaluated by the Department Council. **Suggested Studies:** 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press Model Curriculum of Engineering & Technology PG Courses [Volume -II] 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book. 4. Adrian Wall work, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011

Course Outcomes (COts):		
Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:		
CO	СО	Cognitive
No.		level
1	To select the topic for research in consultation with guide.	2
2	To present the literature review in the form of seminar.	3

Credit: 02 Marks: 100	KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON (For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU) Syllabus under CBCS M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry Semester-IV Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23) AC-401 (C): Current Affairs Hours of instruction/week: 02 Total hours of instruction: 60	
<b>Course Obje</b>	ective: be expected to display general knowledge of history, politics and	
	Affairs, as deemed necessary to interpret current affairs.	
• Curro 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ent Affairs: Global Issues International Security International Political Economy Human Rights Environment: Global Warming, Kyoto Protocol, Copenhagen Accord Population: world population trends, world population policies Terrorism and Counter Terrorism Global Energy Politics Nuclear Proliferation and Nuclear Security Nuclear Politics in South Asia Millennium Development Goals, Current Status, Globalization Middle East Crisis Kashmir Issue Palestine Issue	60 L

Course Outcomes (COts):		
Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:		
CO No.	СО	Cognitive level
1	Understand effect of greenhouse gases.	2
2	To understand the reasons of Crisis and the solutions.	3

	KAVAYITRI BAHINABAI CHAUDHARI NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON (For Affiliated Colleges of KBC NMU) Syllabus under CBCS M. Sc. Part-II Organic Chemistry Semester-IV Audit Course (w.e.f. 2022-23) AC-401 (D): Intellectual Property Rights	
	Credit: 02Hours of instruction/week: 02Marks: 100Total hours of instruction: 60	
	Course Objectives:	
	To acquaint the learners with the basic concepts of Intellectual Property Rights.	
	*To develop expertise in the learners in IPR related issues and sensitize the learners with	
	the emerging issues in IPR and the rationale for the protection of IP	
1	Introduction	12 L
	Introduction to IPRs, Basic concepts and need for Intellectual Property – Meaning and practical aspects of Patents, Copyrights, Geographical Indications, IPR in India and Abroad.	
	Nature of Intellectual Property, Industrial Property, technological Research, Inventions and	
	Innovations – Important examples of IPR.	
2	Intellectual Property Rights	12 L
	The IPR tool kit, Patents, the patenting process, Patent cooperation treaties: International Treaties and conventions on IPRs: Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights Agreement, Patent Cooperation Treaty, Patent Act of India, Patent Amendment Act, Design Act, Trademark Act, Geographical Indication Act	
3	Intellectual Property Protections	12 L
	IPR of Living Species, protecting inventions in biotechnology, protections of traditional knowledge, biopiracy and documenting traditional knowledge, Digital Innovations and Developments as Knowledge Assets – IP Laws, Cyber Law and Digital Content Protection. Case studies: The basmati rice issue, revocations of turmeric patent, revocation of neem patent.	
4	Exercising and Enforcing of Intellectual Property Rights	12 L
	Rights of an IPR owner, licensing agreements, criteria for patent infringement. Case studies of patent infringement, IPR – contract, unfair competitions and control, provisions in TRIPS,	
5	Role of Patents in Product Development & Commercialization	12 L
	Recent changes in IPR laws impacting patents and copy rights, intellectual cooperation in the	

science	science and allied industry. Patentable and non-patentable research. Case studies	
Refere	nces	
1.P.B.	Ganguli, Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy. Tata Mc	
Graw	y Hill, 2001.	
2. Steve	Smith, The Quality Revolution.1st ed., Jaico Publishing House, 2002.	
3.Kom	pal Bansal and Praishit Bansal. Fundamentals of IPR for Engineers, 1st Edition, BS	
Publi	cations, 2012.	
4. Prabl	uddha Ganguli. Intellectual Property Rights. 1st Edition, TMH, 2012.	
5.R Ra	dha Krishnan & S Balasubramanian. Intellectual Property Rights. 1st Edition, Exce	
Book	s, 2012.	
6.M A	shok Kumar & Mohd. Iqbal Ali. Intellectual Property Rights. 2nd Edition, Seria	
Publi	cations, 2011.	
7. Vino	dV. Scople, Managing Intellectual Property. Prentice Hall of India PvtLtd, 2012.	
8.Debo	rah E. Bouchoux. Intellectual Property: The Law of Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents	
and 7	Trade Secrets. Cengage Learning, 3rd	
9. Prabi	uddha Ganguli. Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy	
McG	raw Hill Education, 2011.	
10.	Edited by Derek Bosworth and Elizabeth Webster. The Management of Intellectual	
Prop	erty. Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., 2013.	
11.	Ramappa (2010), Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia Law House	

Course Outcomes (COts):		
Upon the completion of course, the student should be able:		
CO No.	СО	Cognitive level
1	to understand the concept of intellectual property Rights, its protection.	2
2	To know the latest changes made in Intellectual Property Rights.	2