Report

On

Green Audit

At

Nandurbar Taluka Vidhayak Samiti's G. T. Patil Arts, Commerce and Science College, Nandurbar



Prepared by

Nutan Urja Solutions

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Contents

Acknowledgement2
Executive Summary3
Abbreviations
1. Introduction
1.1 Objectives
1.2 Audit methodology6
1.2 Audit methodology
Study of Electrical Energy Consumption
Carbon Foot printing
4. Study of Usage of Alternate Energy
5. Study of Rain Water Harvesting
6. Study of Waste Management
6.1 Solid Waste Management
6.2 e-Waste Management
7. Study of Green Practices
7.1 No of students who don't use own Vehicle for coming to Institute
7.2 Usage of Public Transport
7.3 Pedestrian Friendly Roads
7.4 Plastic Free Campus
7.5 Paperless Office
7.6 Green Landscaping with Trees and Plants
Fing with frees and riants

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Executive Summary

Green Audit of Nandurbar Taluka Vidhayak Samiti's G. T. Patil Arts, Commerce and Science College, Nandurbar is conducted by Nutan Urja Solutions, Pune. Based On the audit field study, following important points can be presented.

1. Present Energy Consumption

Nandurbar Taluka Vidhayak Samiti's G. T. Patil Arts, Commerce and Science College, Nandurbar uses Electrical Energy as the source of Energy for various equipment in the college campus. In the following Table, we present the details of Energy Consumption.

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Table no 1: Details of energy consumption

2. Various Measures Adopted for Energy Conservation

- 1. Usage of STAR Rated ACs at new installations
- 2. Usage of LED lights at some indoor locations
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3. Usage of Renewable Energy

The collage has installed 52.5 kW Solar PV Power Plant.

4. Rain Water Harvesting

The College has installed the Rainwater harvesting project, to reduce dependency on municipal corporation water supply.

5. Waste Management

The College has already installed a Bio composting Plant, wherein, the bio-degradable waste is composted & is used as fertilizer for the garden.

The internal communication is through emails and there is hardly any generation of e-Waste in the premises.



6. Notes and Assumptions

- 1. Daily working hours-10 Nos
- 2. Annual working Days-250 Nos
- 3. Average Rate of Electrical Energy: Rs 11/- per kWh



Abbreviations

CFL Compact Fluorescent Lamp

FTL Fluorescent Tube Light

LED : Light Emitting Diode

V Voltage

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Current kWKilo- Watt

kWh kilo-Watt Hour

kVA : Active Power

1. Introduction

The Nandurbar Taluka Vidhayak Samiti was established in the year 1961. As per the need of the student and the society, Nandurbar Taluka Vidhayak Samiti started first senior college in the town with faculties of Arts and Commerce in the year 1964. In the same college science faculty was opened in 1969. In 1974 this college was named as Gajamal Tulshiram Patil College Nandurbar. Shree Gajamal Tulshiram Patil was a social reformer and great politician. G.T. Patil Arts, Commerce & Science College, is located in Nandurbar. The College has today become one of the premier institutions of the town.

1.1 Objectives

- 1. To study present level of Energy Consumption
- 2. To Study the present CO2 emissions
- 3. To assess the various equipment/facilities from Energy efficiency aspect
- 4. To measure various Electrical parameters
- 5. To study Scope for usage of Renewable Energy
- 6. To study various measures to reduce the Energy Consumption

1.2 Audit methodology

- 1. Study of connected load
- 2. Study of various Electrical parameters
- 3. To prepare the Report with various Encon measures with payback analysis



2. Study of Electrical Energy Consumption

In this chapter, electricity bills are studied for the analysis of electrical energy consumption.

Table no 2.1: Summary of electricity bills

No	Month	Month Energy (kWh)	
1	Jun-22	0	17349
2	May-22	830	19013
3	Apr-22	1213	20327
4	Mar-22	1047	19660
5	Feb-22	825	15253
6	Jan-22	509	12305
7	Dec-21	972	17505
8	Nov-21	491	3378
9	Oct-21	408	3378
10	10 Sep-21 11 Aug-21		2599
11			2656
12	Jul-21	724	5660
	Total	7,627	1,39,083

Variation in energy consumption is as follows,

Month Wise Energy Consumption, kWh

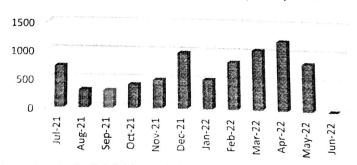


Figure 2.1: Month wise energy consumption



Monthly variation in electricity bill is as follows,

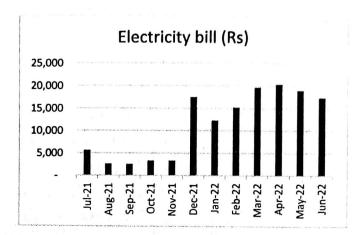


Figure 2.2: Month wise electricity bill

Key observations of electricity bill are as follows,

Table no 2.2: Key observations

Sr no	Parameter	Energy consumed, (Units)	CO ₂ Emmision (MT)	
1	Maximum	1,213	0.97	
2	Minimum		-	
3	Average	636	0.51	
4	Total	7,627	6.10	

3. Carbon Foot printing

1. A Carbon Foot print is defined as the Total Greenhouse Gas emissions (CO₂ emissions), emitted due to various activities. In this we compute the emissions of Carbon-Di-Oxide, by usage of the various form of Electrical Energy used by the College for performing its day to day activities

2. Basis for computation of CO₂ Emissions:

The basis of Calculation for CO₂ emissions due to Electrical Energy is as under

➤ 1 Unit (kWh) of Electrical Energy releases 0.8 Kg of CO₂ into atmosphere.

Based on the above Data we compute the CO₂ emissions which are being released in to the atmosphere by the College due to its Day to Day operations

We herewith furnish the details of various forms of Energy consumption as under

Table 3.1: Month wise Consumption of Electrical Energy & CO2 Emissions

		Energy	CO ₂ Emissions,
No	Month	Consumed, kWh	MT
1	Jun-22	-	0.00
2	May-22	830	0.66
3	Apr-22	1,213	0.97
4	Mar-22	1,047	0.84
5	Feb-22	825	0.66
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7	Dec-21	972	0.78
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10	Sep-21	300	0.24
11	Aug-21	308	0.25
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In the following Chart we present the CO2 emissions due to usage of Electrical Energy.



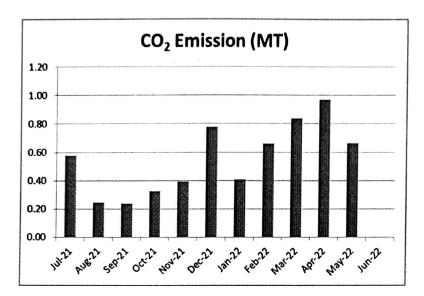


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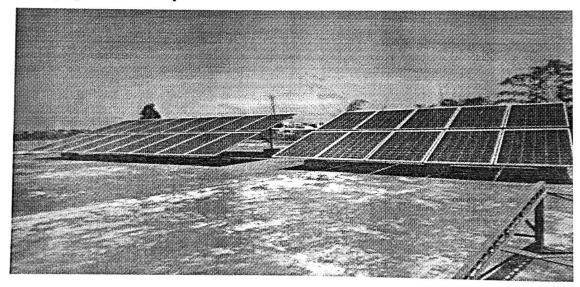
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In this Chapter, we compute the percentage of Usage of Alternate/Renewable Energy to Annual Energy Requirement of the College. The College has installed Solar PV System of 52.5 kW capacity.

Table 4.1: Computation of % Usage of Alternate Energy to Annual Energy Requirement

No	Particulars	Value	Unit
1	Annual Energy Purchased from MSEDCL	7,627	kWh/Annum
2	Energy Generated by Roof Top Solar PV System	78750	kWh/Annum
3	Total Energy Requirement of College	86,377	kWh/Annum
4	% of Usage of Alternate Energy to Annual Energy Requirement	91	%

Photograph of Solar PV plant





5. Study of Rain Water Harvesting

The College has already installed Rain Water Harvesting project, wherein the rain water falling on the terrace is collected and through pipes it is fed to underground Water Storage tank. This stored water is then reused for domestic purpose.

Photograph of Rain Water Harvesting pipe



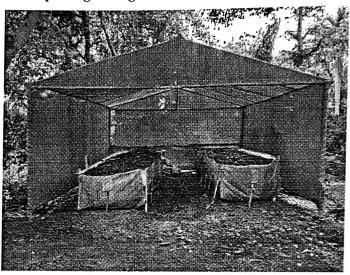


6. Study of Waste Management

6.1 Solid Waste Management

The College has already installed a Bio composting Plant, wherein, the bio-degradable waste is composted & is used as fertilizer for the garden.

Photographs of Bio Composting Storage Tanks:



6.2 e-Waste Management

The internal communication is through emails and hence there is hardly any generation of e-Waste in the premises.



7. Study of Green Practices

7.1 No of students who don't use own Vehicle for coming to Institute

Out of total students coming to Institute, about 60% students use own Automobile.

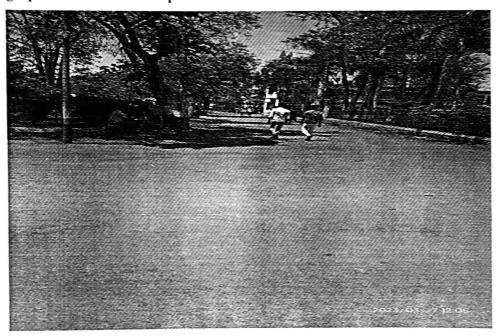
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During the Students transport study, it was revealed that the local students who are residing near areas make use of Public Transport like Municipal Transport local buses, local sharing type auto rickshaws. Some students use bicycles. The average number of students is approximately 40 %. Institute encourages students to not to use automobiles.

7.3 Pedestrian Friendly Roads

The Institute has well defined pedestrian foot paths as to facilitate the easy movement of the students within the campus.

Photograph of Road within campus



7.4 Plastic Free Campus

The Institute is an active participant in the Government of India's most prestigious project of SWATCHH BHART ABHIYAN. The Institute has displayed boards in the Campus, to make the campus plastic free. Various measures adopted for this purpose are as follows

Installation of Separate waste bins for Dry waste & wet waste



- Usage of paper tea cups in the Institute canteen
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The internal communication of the Institute is through the Internet. There are hardly any day to day operations, where printing is required.

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The Institute has beautiful maintained Garden.

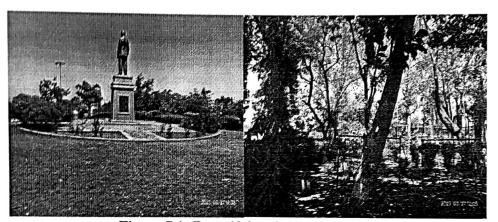


Figure 7.1: Beautiful maintained Garden of college



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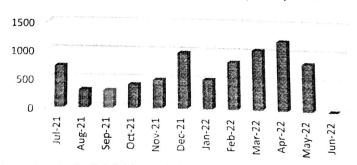


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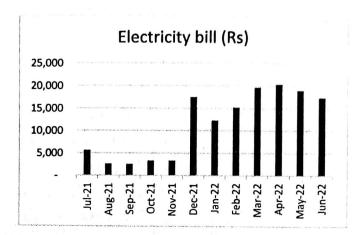


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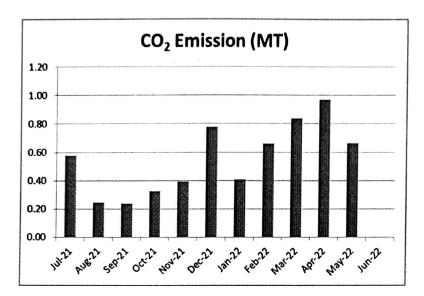


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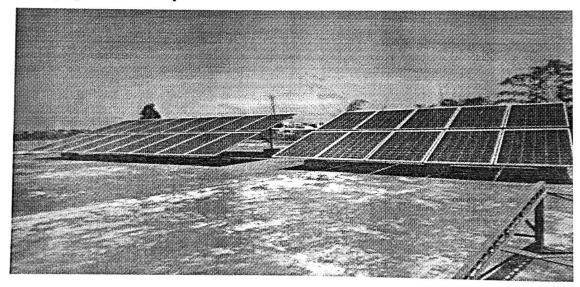
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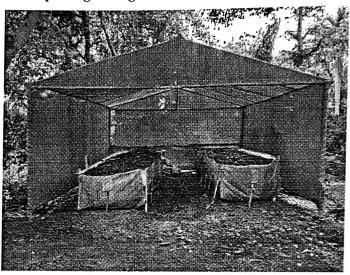


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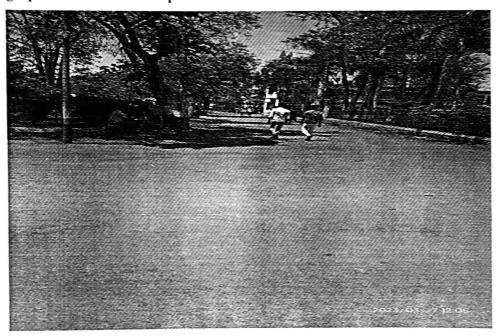
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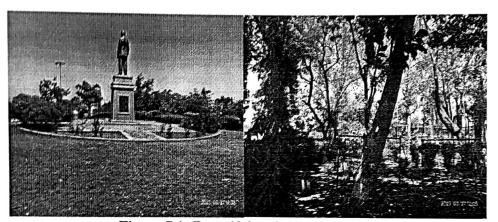


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Vidhayak Samiti's G. 1. Fatti

The College has already adopted following projects to 2021-22.

- Installation of Bio Composting Pit Efficient.
 - Installation of Rain Water Harvesting System
 - Installation of 52.5 kW Solar PV Power Plant.

We appreciate the support of Management, involvement of fac in the process of Energy Conservation & making the campus Gre

Nutan Urja Solutions,

Kalhatudebar

K G Bhatwadekar, Certified Energy Auditor, EA - 22428

Contents Acknowledgement2 Abbreviations......5 6. Study of usage of alternate energy.......17

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Executive Summary

After the Field measurements & analysis, we present herewith important observations made and various measures to reduce the Energy Consumption & mitigate the CO₂ emissions. College consumes Energy in the form of Electrical Energy used for various gadgets, Office & other facilities.

1. Present Energy Consumption

In the following Table, we present the details of Energy Consumption.

Table no 2.1: Details of energy consumption

Sr no	Parameter	Energy consumed, (Units)	CO ₂ Emission (MT)
1	Maximum	1,213	0.97
2	Minimum	-	-
3	Average	636	0.51
4	Total	7,627	6.10

2. Energy Conservation Projects already installed

- 1. Usage of STAR Rated ACs at new installations
- 2. Usage of LED lights at some indoor locations
- 3. Usage of LED Lights for outdoor lighting.

3. Key Observations

- 1. Usage of LED lights.
- 2. Usage of star rated equipment.
- 3. Maintained a good power factor.

4. Percentage of Usage of Alternate Energy

The College has installed a Roof Top Solar PV Plant. The percentage of usage of Alternate Energy to Annual Energy Requirement is 91 %.

5. Percentage of Usage of LED Lighting

The College has various Types of Light fittings. The percentage of Annual LED Lighting Usage to Annual Lighting requirement works out to be 49 %.

6. Recommendations

Table no 1: Recommendations for energy savings

No	Recommendation	Annual Saving potential, kWh/Annum	Annual Monetary Gain, Rs.	Investment Required, Rs.	Payback period, Months
	Replacement of 115 Nos				
	T-8 fittings with 20W				
1	LED fittings	2,300	25,300	73,715	35
	Replacement of 211 Nos				
	Old Ceiling Fans with		4		
2	STAR rating fans	2,743	30,173	458,714	182
	Total	5,043	55,473	532,429	115

7 Notes & Assumptions

- 1. Daily working hours-10 Nos
- 2. Annual working Days-300 Nos
- 3. Average Rate of Electrical Energy: Rs 11/- per kWh



Abbreviations

CFL : Compact Fluorescent Lamp

FTL : Fluorescent Tube Light

LED : Light Emitting Diode

V : Voltage

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kW : Kilo-Watt kWh : kilo-Watt Hour

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- 1. Study of connected load
- 2. Study of various Electrical parameters
- 3. To prepare the Report with various Encon measures with payback analysis

1.3 General Details of College

Table No-1.1: Details of college

No	Head	Particulars				
1	Name of Institution	Nandurbar Taluka Vidhayak Samiti's G. T. Patil Ar Commerce and Science College, Nandurbar				
2	Address	Nehru Nagar, Nandurbar – 425412				
3	Affiliation	Kavayitri Bahinabai Chaudhari North Maharashtra University, Jalgaon				



2. Study of connected load

In this chapter, we present details of various connected electrical equipment and electrical load.

Table No-2.1: Location wise study of Electrical fittings in various buildings

	Table No-2.1: Locat	IUII WISC S	iuuy or r	Jiccii iom				
					LED	Comp		
				LED	bulb	uters		1.5
		FTL		tube	(12W	(65W		Tr
No	Location	(40W)	CFL	(20W)))	Fans	AC
	Main Administrative							
	Building			100				
1	Dadasaheb Cabin		1	1	16	1	1	1
2	Principal Cabin			8		2	2	1
3	Administration Dept.			2		1	2	
4	LC / TC Dept.	2		1			2	
5	Adminision Dept.	3				2	2	
6	Article Dept.			2			1	١
7	Vice Principal Cabin	2		4			3	1
8	Article & Comp. Dept.	1		3		3	2	
	Vice Principal Junior							
9	College Cabin	1		2			1	
10	Varanda outside Office			3				
1	Main Gate Near	2						
11	Chemistry	2		2		Eq.		
	College Main Buiding							
	Chemistry Lab MSc /	1						
12	Staff Room			7	1	1	3	
13	Chemistry Varanda			2				
14	Physical Lab (Chemistry)	3		3			1	
15	Water & Soil Testin Lab	1		3		5	1	







	(Chem)		T					
16	PG Lab (Chemistry)	6	-				2	-
17	Physics Lab	6		4			4	
18	Electronics Lab	2		7			4	
19	Physics Research Lab			4		1	2	
20	Cap Office	1		4	1	1	2	
21	Iqacc Office			6		4	2	
22	Staff Room	3		3			3	1
23	Computer Lab			3		6	2	
24	Psychology Dept.		4	4		1	3	
	Exam Dept. Room No.							
25	18			1		1	2	
26	Room No. 19			2			2	
27	Microbiology Dept.	1		1			2	
	Microbiology Dept. UG							
28	Lab	1		5			4	
29	PG Lab			1			1	
30	Zoology Dept. UG Lab	5		2		1	5	
31	PG Lab			2			2	
32	Seminar Hall			18			12	6
33	Computer Lab 1			4		20	4	
34	Computer Lab 2	2		4		15	4	1
35	Computer Lab 3			4		18	4	
36	Library Ground Floor	7		14		1	7	
37	Library First Floor	7		9		6	6	
38	Gymnasiam Hall	2		4			8	
39	Play Ground	4		8				
40	Canteen			4			1	
41	English Language Lab			4			2	
42	NSS	1					1	



43	Student Walfare	1		T		1	
44	Geography Dept.	11			8		
45	Mini Cyber 2 Branch					6	
	Nano Chemistry			2	4	1	
46	Research Lab						
47	Room 1	6			2	2	2
48	Room 2	1					
49	Room 3	1				1	
50	Record Room	1				1	
51	Guest Room	1					
52			2			1	1
	YCMOU Office		4			2	
53	Ground Floor						- 3
54	Class Room 1		1			1	
01.51.51	Class Room 2		1			2	
55	Class Room 3		1			2	
56	Class Room 4		1			2	
57	Class Room 5		1			2	
58	Class Room 6		1			2	
59	Class Room 8	1	2			3	
60	Class Room 9		2			3	
	First Floor			-		3	
61	Class Room 12		1			2	
62	Class Room 13		1			2 2	
63	Class Room 14		I			2	
64	Class Room 15		1			2	
65	Class Room 16		1			2	
66	Class Room 18		1			2	
67	Class Room 19		2			2	
68	Class Room 20		3			3	
69	Class Room 21		3			3	
			, ,			ر ر	

9



	Total	115	16	211	20	104	211	14
80	Fitness Centre			11				
79	Health Club		2	10			8	
78	Girl's Hostel First Floor	7	9				11	
77	Girl's Hostel Ground Floor	10	2				9	
76	Boy's Hostel First Floor	11					6	
75	Boy's Hostel Ground Floor	1		5			2	
74	Class Room 26			2			2	
73	Class Room 25			2			2	
72	Class Room 24			2			2	
71	Class Room 23			2			2	
70	Class Room 22			3			3	

Apart from above load, the college has pumps, street lights. Individual fitting wise load is as under.

Table No 2.2: Equipment wise Connected Load

			Load,	Load,
No	Equipment	Qty	W/Unit	kW
1	F T L-40 W	115	40	4.6
2	CFL	16	24	0.4
3	LED Tube-20W	211	20	4.2
4	LED bulb	20	12	0.2
5	Computers	104	65	6.8
6	Ceiling Fan	211	65	13.7
7	AC (1.5Tr)	14	1838	25.7
8	LED focus Street light	10	35	0.4
9	Pump (20HP)			14.9
	Total			54.7

Data can be represented in terms of PIE chart as under,

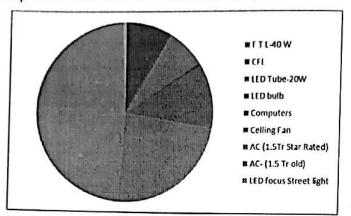


Figure 2.1: Distribution of connected load.



3. Study of Electrical Energy Consumption

In this chapter, electricity bills are studied for the analysis of electrical energy consumption.

Table no 3.1: Summary of electricity bills

No	Month	Energy (kWh)	Bill Amount (Rs)
1	Jun-22	-	0.00
2	May-22	830	0.66
3	Apr-22	1,213	0.97
4	Mar-22	1,047	0.84
5	Feb-22	825	0.66
6	Jan-22	509	0.41
7	Dec-21	972	0.78
8	Nov-21	491	0.39
9	Oct-21	408	0.33
10	Sep-21	300	0.24
11	Aug-21	308	0.25
12	Jul-21	724	0.58
	Total	7,627	6.10

Variation in energy consumption is as follows,



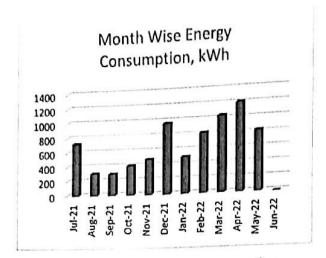


Figure 3.1: Month wise energy consumption

Monthly variation in electricity bill is as follows,

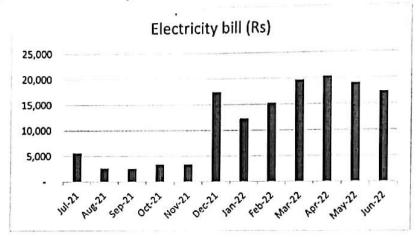


Figure 3.2: Month wise electricity bill

Key observations of electricity bill are as follows,

Table no 3.2: Key observations

Sr no	Parameter	Energy consumed, (kWh)	CO ₂ Emission (MT)
I	Total	1,213	0.97
2	Maximum	-	•
3	Minimum	636	0.51
4	Average	7,627	6.10

4. Carbon Foot printing

1. A Carbon Foot print is defined as the Total Greenhouse Gas emissions (CO₂ emissions), emitted due to various activities. In this we compute the emissions of Carbon-Di-Oxide, by usage of the various form of Electrical Energy used by the College for performing its day to day activities

2. Basis for computation of CO2 Emissions:

The basis of Calculation for CO2 emissions due to Electrical Energy is as under

➤ 1 Unit (kWh) of Electrical Energy releases 0.8 Kg of CO₂ into atmosphere.

Based on the above Data we compute the CO₂ emissions which are being released in to the atmosphere by the College due to its Day to Day operations

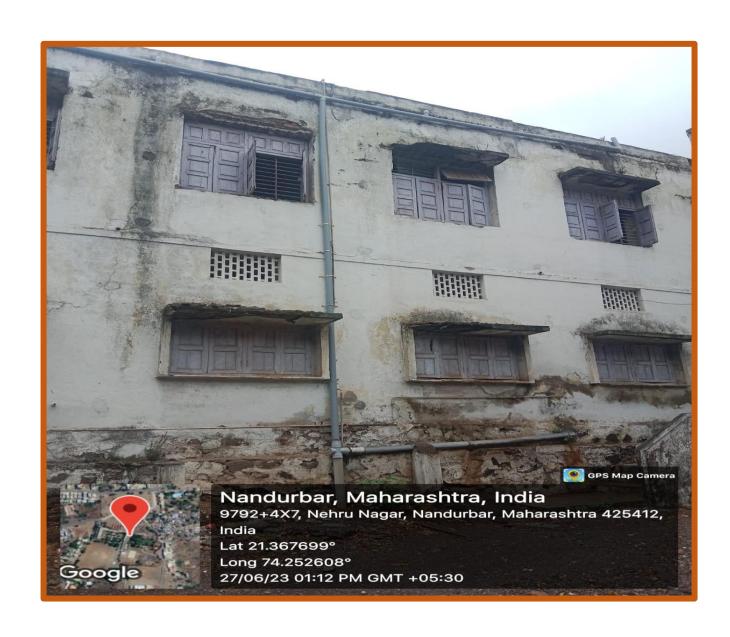
We herewith furnish the details of various forms of Energy consumption as under

Table 4.1: Month wise Consumption of Electrical Energy & CO2 Emissions

No	Month	Energy Consumed, kWh	CO ₂ Emissions, MT
1	Jun-22	-	0.00
2	May-22	830	0.66
3	Apr-22	1,213	0.97
4	Mar-22	1,047	0.84
5	Feb-22	825	0.66
6	Jan-22	509	0.41
7	Dec-21	972	0.78
8	Nov-21	491	0.39
9	Oct-21	408	0.33
10	Sep-21	300	0.24
11	Aug-21	308	0.25
12	Jul-21	724	0.58
	Total	7,627	6.10

In the following Chart we present the CO2 emissions due to usage of Electrical Energy.





Rain Water Harvesting



Vermicompost





Solar Energy