

# Best Practice 1

## Academic Year – 2018 - 2019

**Title:** Promoting students to participate in summer internship of Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan

**Goal:** The College also marches with target of preparing students for their personal and social growth. The volunteers are promoted to participate in the summer internship of Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan launched by Government of India.

- To prepare students to contribute to society .
- To impart practical knowledge among the students of the cleanliness.
- To disseminate innovative visionary paths to the vulnerable students.
- To develop the habits of creating awareness to masses through Swachhata Abhiyaan

**Context:** Under these practices selected students are encouraged to participate in Summer Internship programme where our tribal students get an opportunity to contribute to society to fulfill the mission of Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan. Summer Internship programme gave a different experience to the students who have been involved to spread the awareness about Clean India Green India.

**Practice:** The Volunteers of NSS and NCC department voluntarily contributed in nearby public places in Nandurbar town. Students also cleaned all the monuments of the city. 60 Students volunteers had been registered to the SBSI website. All the activities under Swachha Bharat Abhiyaan had been regularly reported online on the given website. For social awareness rallies and street plays had been performed through the city.

**Evidence of Success:** In the academic year 2018-19 there were 150 student volunteers of NSS and NCC participated in the over activity. The impact of the activity was seen at many public places of the city that many shopkeepers started keeping big dustbins outside the shop.

**Problems encountered and Resources Required:**

Being vulnerable region during the organization of activity it was a tough task for the units to carry the activities smoothly. The response of the public was also important for the clean paths. But after the regular interval of cleanliness drive, the change is seen in the attitude of people. The contribution of mass is also an essential factor on the basis of which success of cleanliness is possible.

## **Best Practice 2**

### **Academic Year – 2018 - 2019**

**Title:** Participation of institute in Rural Development through Unnat Bharat Abhiyaan launched by H R D Ministry, Government of India.

**Goal:** The College has been actively involved in Unnat Bharat Abhiyaan 2.0 launched by Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India. The programme has been adopted by the institution with following objective:

- To participate in rural development of Nandurbar District.
- To contribute to the society through various community based rural projects.
- To disseminate innovative visionary paths to the vulnerable people.
- To develop the habits of creating new ideas through research and scientific methods.
- To bring expected social change in the adopted villages.

**Context:** The project has been designed and sponsored by Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India. Our College has been selected as Participating Institute for the Abhiyan. After the selection as PI as per the guidelines given under the project the committee of 7 members had been constituted and the meeting had been called under the coordinatorship of Principal **Dr. V. S. Shrivastava**. In the meeting Nodal Officer, Programme Officers (Dr. V. Z. Chaudhari, Dr. S. R. Surye, Dr. M.K. Kadam, Prof. P. S. Patil, Prof. U. J. Dhagadhage ) for 5 Villages had been selected. Nodal Officer **Dr. M. J. Raghuwanshi** focused on action plan of the projected to be implemented effectively in the selected village – Toranmal, Ranipur, Jamana, Kathi and Dab. Following points had been discussed in the meeting.

- Constituting the students members for the House hold survey of villages.
- Different project about Swachhata and village development.
- Road map of the implementation of Blood Donation camp, Medical camp and digital awareness camps in the rural, tribal area.

**Practice:** Under the project the selected villages have been visited by the programme coordinators along the teams of students. The house hold surveys have been conducted to understand the basic issues of the villages. In house hold survey the necessary information has

been taken for discussion and on the basis of the same developmental projects were taken for consideration to be forwarded to the Ministry. The five villages as Tornmal, Jamana, Dab, Kathi and Ranipur had been neatly surveyed from different angles with the help of local authorities. The cleanliness drive and tree plantation awareness have been in the said villages and more activities are proposed.

**Evidence of Success:** In the academic year 2018-19 the Institute had been selected as PI by the Ministry. The adopted villages came with good responses. The separate teams worked on the issues raised by the localities. The institute stated thinking in the direction of Waste Management, Organic Farming, Basic Amenities and educational development. For the sustainable development the institute is actively involved for which the ministry has provided regular training schedules through state agencies like IIT, Bombay.

**Problems encountered and Resources Required:**

Working in remote tribal area of Nandurbar District is a challenging task. During survey the problems regarding road safety and electricity load shading is encountered which are the basic needs of the villagers; ultimately it hampered the working process of the team initially. Small projects related to organic farming or biogas may bring sort of change in the overall structure of the villages. The project comes with many challenges ahead the institution is marching with its best to gain expected change in the situation of the adopted villages.